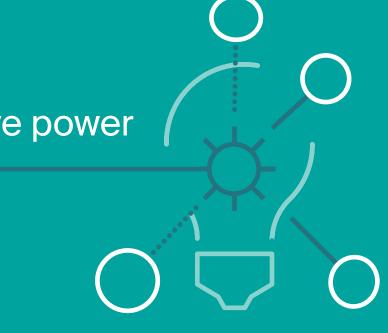
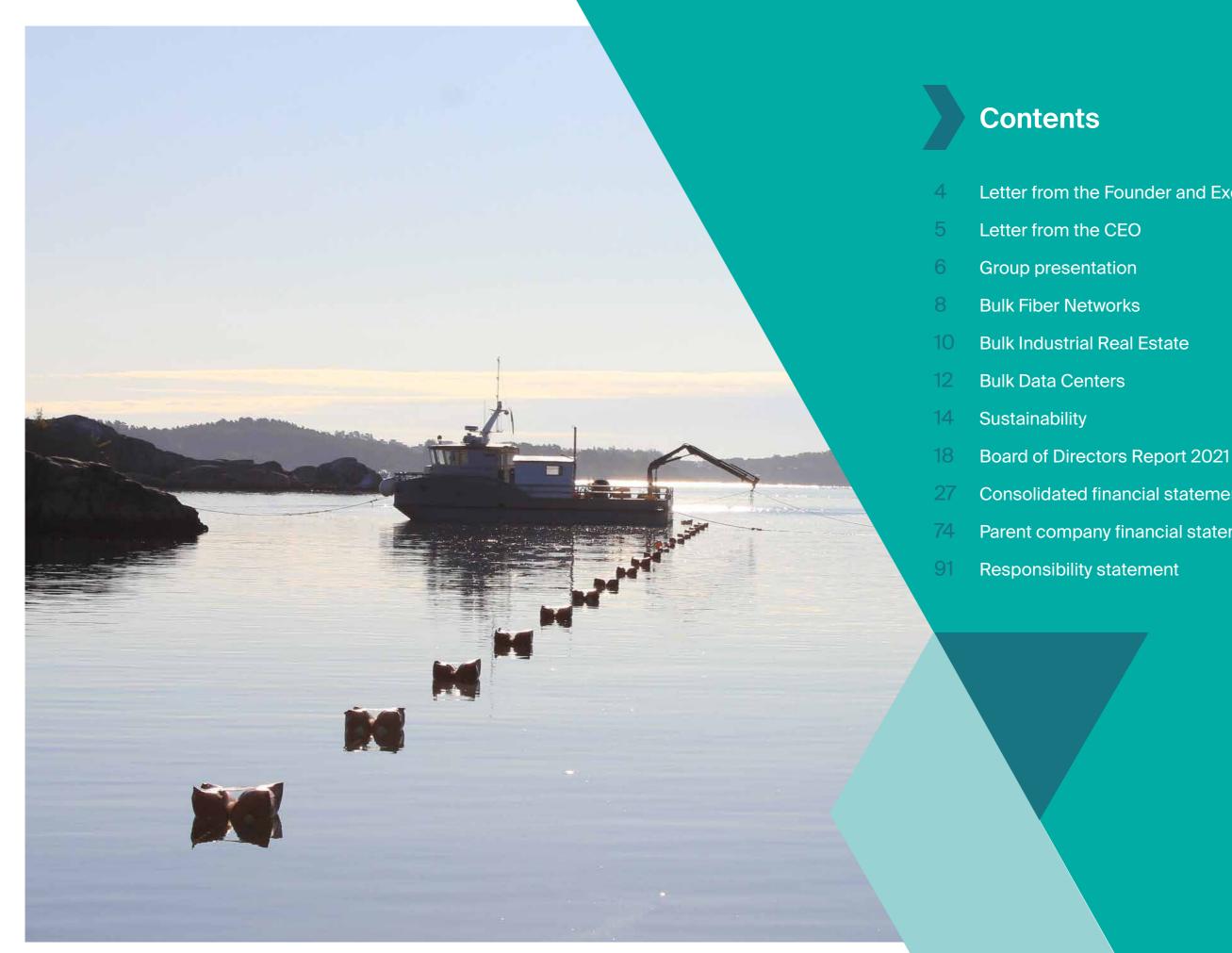




# **Creative power**





### Letter from the Founder and Executive Chair

- Consolidated financial statements 2021
- Parent company financial statements 2021



# **Creative power**

#### Letter from the Founder and Executive Chair

Since the very beginning, Bulk has been built on our values, Respect, Creative Power and Passion. When we combine our values with our strategy of creating scalable and sustainable infrastructure solutions - something interesting happens. The work gives a motivation to succeed beyond personal success and it gives a greater sense of purpose. This has helped our company to succeed and attracted skilled and motivated people.

Our values give us a solid framework and shapes our decisions. They also provide our customers with a clear view of what they can expect from us.

I have always welcomed curiosity and discussions about new opportunities to excel our company. However, it is important that creative ideas do not take away focus and we need to weed out bad ideas and to turn the good ones into results. Therefore, I have always found openness to be an efficient process.

A business idea can be good or bad depending on many factors – demand, timing, complexity, risk factors that all determines its likelihood to succeed. Bad ideas usually get resistance from the beginning and can be quickly terminated, but with good ideas the opposite happens. It usually attracts people into conversations that gives valuable insight and introductions to others that helps to realize them.

This is what happened when Bulk went from one business of industrial real estate and expanded into data centers and fiber networks. The idea to create an extremely scalable digital infrastructure platform

in the Nordics with data centers, renewable power and fiber highways seemed very unusual at the time.

Today Bulk is placed in highly attractive sectors with great demand, and we find ourselves in the center of the gravity for sustainable digital services in the Nordics.

We often say, "Bulk needs to be bigger than itself" as we wish to make an impact beyond our peers. Our subsea fiber routes to and from the Nordics is already such an example. What started as an idea, has given us valuable experience from working with some of the most advanced companies in the business and new creative ideas have evolved from it.

In October 2021, I visited the Canadian provinces of Quebec and Newfoundland & Labrador. I wanted to see for myself some of the World's biggest renewable energy production and test if a new subsea fiber cable could connect the two renewable giants in the World -Atlantic Canada and the Nordics. I took a road-trip of 1800 kilometres from Montreal to Happy Valley/ Goose Bay along the trans-Labrador highway. On the way I met with Governments, local groups and businesses to discuss the idea of a new trans-Atlantic subsea cable called "Leif Erikson" from Norway to Canada. So far, the project has received a lot of support from stakeholders in Canada and on the international arena, so we are ramping up the work.

Creating the first trans-Atlantic subsea fiber cable running on 100% renewable energy and connecting Canada and Norway, "the World's biggest renewable batteries", might be an idea that will survive the pandemic.



Since the very beginning Bulk has been built on our values respect, creative power and passion.

66

Peder Nærbø Founder and Executive Chair

#### Letter from the CEO

Bulk is positioned for growth. In 2021 we have strengthened our financial muscles, recruited a number of talented people and built an organizational structure that is robust enough to handle the speed and complexity that success going forward entails.

All three business areas experience tailwind from global mega trends. Global e-commerce sales are growing at a rate of close to 40 per cent per year, making efficient logistics solutions even more important than for traditional retail. Digital growth continues in the double digits, and demand for redundant, high capacity and secure data transmission, storage and processing fuels both our Fiber Networks and Data Centers businesses.

At Bulk we have four overarching strategic priorities.

First, we will work hard every day to earn the right to serve existing and new customers with scalable and sustainable solutions. Customer success remains our top priority.

Second, we continue to develop our structures and way-of-working, so that all our businesses can rapidly scale with limited complexity. The Bulk-way is about combining great people with simple processes and tools to get the job done with minimum complexity. In 2021 I am especially proud of how we grew our team of capable, driven and inspiring Bulkies.



66 First, we will work hard every day to earn the right to serve existing and new customers with scalable and sustainable solutions. Customer success remains our top priority.



Growing the organization with more than 20% during a year of Covid and home office is remarkable.

Third, we will remain creative and opportunistic in our investment approach to further add scalability to our asset portfolio. In 2021 we expanded geographically and we constantly look for new land and infrastructure opportunities to grow our portfolio and our sustainability impact throughout the Nordic region.

Fourth, sustainability remains a fundamental part of our vision and an inspiration for everything we do. Not only in terms of enabling renewable energy consumption for our Fiber Networks and Data Center customers, but indeed in terms of making new and innovative sustainability solutions in our infrastructure and buildings themselves. Important progress has been achieved in 2021 both with respect to heat re-use at our data centers and solar energy solutions to ensure renewable energy supply for the buildings we develop.

Going forward, we are excited about the opportunities to create positive impact at scale in all our business areas. At the same time, we are humble about the challenges and uncertainty we all face as a global community. We will use our creative power, passion and respect to everyday do our best to solve our customers' problems and to contribute to a more sustainable future for us all.



Bulk Infrastructure Holding is a leading provider of sustainable digital infrastructure in the Nordics. We believe in the value creation opportunity of enabling our digital society to be fully sustainable.

#### Win the customer

Our key focus is to win the customer every day. We are proud to have grown our customer base in all three business areas, e.g. DSV Solutions chose Bulk industrial Real Estate to build their logistics facility in Vestby, and our first customers went live on the Havfrue transatlantic subsea fiber system. We have established strategic partnerships, e.g. with DE-CIX, Europe's leading Internet Exchange (IX), who chose Bulk Data Centers for their Nordic expansion strategy. To support our customer growth, we have strengthened our customer facing organization, in particular in the data center business.

#### Scale the "Bulk Way"

Total book equity increased from NOK 1.7bn in 2020 to NOK 4.1bn in 2021. With this strong platform and a maturing business, the company structure was strengthened with three new EVPs in early Q3: Nina Cathrin Hage as EVP Industrial Real Estate from Solon Eiendom, Gisle M. Eckhoff as EVP Data Centers from Digiplex, and Inger Gløersen Folkeson as Group COO and EVP Fiber Networks from Telenor. In Bulk, we continuously improve core processes and capabilities, and in 2021 we maintained our certifications on ISO 9001, 14001, 22301 and 27001.

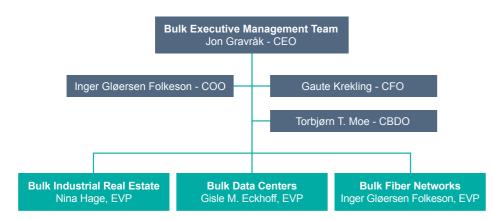
#### Create opportunity

We continue to invest in new land to create runways for new opportunities, both in Norway and Denmark. In Norway, Bulk Industrial Real Estate entered into agreements at Langhus, Danebuåsen and Vestby, to name a few. We also expanded our footprint in Copenhagen on the back of existing buildings and new zoned land opportunities. We continue to work on digital infrastructure opportunities, i.e. through new fiber systems such as the new Havsil cable from Kristiansand to Esbjerg, and powered land opportunities.

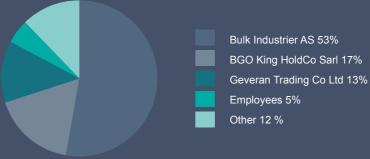
#### Lead on sustainability

Bulk makes sustainability a business, and always strives to be a frontrunner in the area. In January 2021, Stine Bjønnstu Holthe was announced as our new Head of Sustainability. During the year, we have established a fact-based baseline of our climate footprint, and embarked on energy efficiency projects to reduce our climate footprint. Bulk shares the sense of urgency of climate change, and we live our vision:

Racing to bring sustainable infrastructure to a global audience.



Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS has the following ownership structure:



#### Key Figures (Consolidated)

| MNOK                | 2021    | 2020  | %        |
|---------------------|---------|-------|----------|
| Revenues            | 365.7   | 431.4 | -15.2%   |
| Operating Profit    | 1,213.7 | 152.5 | 695.9%   |
| Profit after tax    | 936.0   | 75.9  | 1,133.2% |
|                     |         |       |          |
| Equity Ratio (%)    | 59.2%   | 46.8% | 12.4%    |
| Number of employees | 70      | 58    | 20.7%    |



agement Team. From left Nina Hage, Torbjørn T. Moe, Gisle M. Eckhoff, Jon Gravråk, Gaute Krekling, Inger Gløersen Folkeson



Bulk Fiber Networks owns and controls dark fiber infrastructure with the purpose of enabling the Nordics for large scale data processing. Our over 10,000 kilometer of fiber infrastructure is modern with high capacity including both subsea and terrestrial systems.

> In 2021 Bulk Fiber Networks has continued expanding its fiber networks while simultaneously planning for further expansion. The organization was strengthened when Inger Gløersen Folkeson was named as Group COO and EVP of Fiber Networks in Bulk Infrastructure in June.

> The successful landing of the Havsil subsea cable from Hanstholm in Denmark to Kristiansand in Norway was achieved ahead of time in September. Havsil unlocks the shortest route from Norway to continental Europe. The terrestrial route in Denmark is finalized, running down Denmark's west coast, avoiding the more congested and traditional city routings. The endpoints include Bulk's highly scalable N01 data center campus in Kristiansand, Norway and the DK01 data centre in Esbjerg, Denmark.

> The Havsil cable was selected by Arelion (Former Telia Carrier), supported by the Norwegian Communications Authority (NKOM), as the new main fiber system for Norway's international data traffic. Key rationale was to create a new diverse route that avoids going through Sweden, to ensure high uptime and low latency. This is also in line with Norway's ambitions of becoming a European central for data center investment as specified in its National Data Center Strategy.

In 2021 our first customers went live on the Havfrue transatlantic subsea fiber system. The system connects the USA and Denmark with branches to Ireland and Norway. Bulk is a co-builder of the system together with Agua Comms, Facebook and Google.

Customers are now live on all segments of the Inter-City Ring terrestrial fiber system that connects four of Norway's largest cities: Oslo, Kristiansand, Stavanger and Bergen. The Inter-

City Ring makes Bulk the natural partner for dark fiber to and through Norway, with a complete service offering including multiple modern and resilient telehousing, 24/7 Network Operations Center (NOC) and remote hands services.

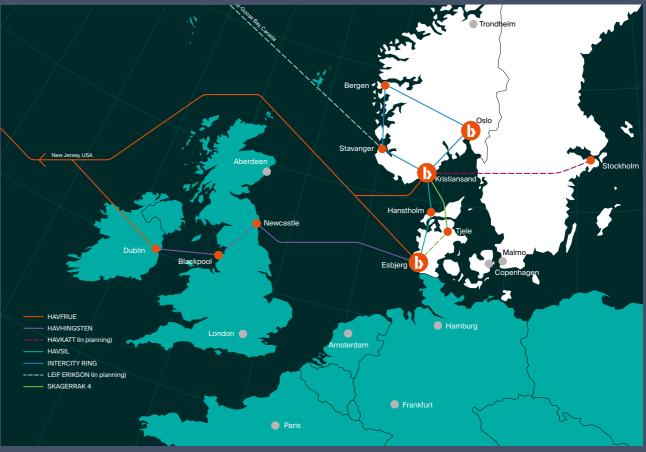
In 2021 a pre-study was completed for the Leif Erikson subsea segment and successful stakeholder meetings was held in Canada. The Leif Erikson subsea system will connect two of the main renewable giants in the world, the Nordics and Atlantic Canada, in order to grow sustainable digital infrastructure driven by an abundance of renewable energy. The system will also secure a true diverse route avoiding the route similarities in other trans-Atlantic networks. The Leif Erikson project was shortlisted for the best ESG initiative at the Global Carrier Awards at Capacity Europe in London in Q4 2021.

The global market for fiber capacity continues to grow quickly, driven by increased demand for low latency, high capacity and high quality secure data traffic. Bulk Fiber Networks' attractive offering is appreciated by customers worldwide.

Bulk's fiber networks unlock the Nordic region's sustainable data centers for customers globally. Low latency, high capacity fiber networks ensure that customers no longer need to rely on local data centers powered by non-renewable energy sources. High performance fiber cables also contribute to the fast growth of video conferencing, reducing unnecessary air travel and thereby CO2 emissions. When selecting suppliers, it is a requirement that their operations are run sustainably. Bulk takes care to reduce the environmental impact when fiber routes are planned both subsea and on land. Surveys are done in advance to avoid interfering with spawning grounds for fish and other sea animals.







Bulk fiber map

The HAVSIL system is the new express route between Norway and continental Europe, offering the shortest highcapacity route in a sustainable way

Inger Gløersen Folkeson COO & EVP Bulk Fiber Networks



# **Bulk Industrial Real Estate**

Bulk Industrial Real Estate is a Nordic real estate developer and owner, specializing in industrial buildings, large modern warehouses, cross-dock terminals and logistics parks.

> Bulk Industrial Real Estate's property portfolio increased by almost 150 per cent in 2021, from a value of NOK 1.8 billion at end 2020 to a value of NOK 4.2 billion at year end 2021.

The portfolio growth is a result of high contract signing activity and development of new projects, execution of our new acquisition activity, and a favourable sentiment for valuation of logistics real estate assets. In 2021, Bulk Industrial Real Estate crossed the 500,000 sqm threshold for signed newbuild projects since establishment, marking an important milestone.

2021 saw a total handover of nearly 40,000 sqm new builds including completion of Antra, Bulder verksted, PetXL, and Leman II, as well as Namron II and Sigurd Stave projects.

During the year, leases for almost 80,000 sqm were signed for new projects, increasing annual rent by NOK 85 million on a 100 per cent basis, including lease-agreement for 30,656 sgm with the first tenant for Jernholmen 49 in Copenhagen. The establishment in Copenhagen is another milestone, marking Bulk Real Estate's first expansion outside of Norway.

In 2021 Bulk Industrial Real Estate included acquisition of property with development potential as part of the strategy. The target list consists of strategic locations for industrial real estate projects in Norway, Sweden or Denmark. Snipetjernveien 3 and 9, a large logistics property of 26,000 sqm at Langhus, were acquired in June. Landskaugveien 33 at Enebakk, a plot of almost 26,000 sgm, with a logistics building of 4,000 sqm, was acquired in December.

Bulk Industrial Real Estate also own a highly strategic landbank for further development in core locations, totaling more than 1,5 million sqm. In Norway, Bulk is present in Trondheim, Nebbenes and Larvik as well as in the attractive area between

Oslo Airport Gardermoen and the Swedish border, including Vestby, Enebakk and Gardermoen.

The organization has been strengthened to accommodate future growth. Nina Hage was appointed Executive Vice President of Bulk Infrastructure Group and Head of Industrial Real Estate. During the year the flag was planted in Denmark, with the recruitment of Thomas Hammer Tveit as Vice President with responsibility for the Danish market. Also, Torgeir Steen was recruited as Project Manager.

All Bulk projects with a size above 5,000 sgm are from 2021 BREEAM-NOR certified and equipped with roof solar panels as part of our standard offering. The first Bulk project with solar panels - Leman I - was finalized in 2021 and marks the future sustainable standard for new developments. The expansion Leman II has also been fitted out with solar panels, and around 60 per cent of the total energy consumption is now covered by solar energy. All larger new-buildings are designed to meet energy classification of A or B.

Sustainability is important also during the planning and construction phases. The environmental impact should be minimized during the construction process, and that starts with thorough planning. When construction is complete, investments are made to re-establish the ecological diversity surrounding the buildings.

The Bulk Module is a steel frame on a concrete foundation with sandwich panels, making construction efficient and maximizing flexibility for our customers. A project has been started to reduce the climate emission of the module even further. A pilot project has also been initiated to create a wood version of the Bulk Module. The planned wood constructions increase sustainability and will even include insect hotels to secure the local ecology.





Park Lindeberg

2021 saw a total handover of nearly 40,000 sqm new builds including completion of Antra, Bulder verksted, PetXL, and Leman II, as well as Namron II and Sigurd Stave projects.

Nina Hage EVP Bulk Industrial Real Estate



# **Bulk Data Centers**

Bulk Data Centers delivers ultra-flexible, highly connected, and massively scalable data center and colocation solutions. Powered by 100 % carbon free energy and backed by in-house expertise in data center design, engineering and operations.

> Demand for data center capacity is experiencing double digit growth, fueled by digitalization and growing demand for cloud services. Gartner has estimated that global spending on data center systems will grow to USD 226 billion in 2022, an increase of 11.4 percent year on year.

Simultaneously, data center customers have become more sophisticated choosing data center providers that can deliver the highest levels of connectivity, security, stability and sustainability. In all these areas Bulk's data centers in Oslo, Norway (OS-IX), Kristiansand, Norway (N01) and Esbjerg, Denmark (DK01) have a competitive advantage.

DE-CIX, the world's leading Internet Exchange (IX) operator and home to the largest carrier and data center neutral interconnection ecosystem globally, chose Bulk in 2021 when they decided to enter the Nordic region. Their DE-CIX IX platforms will be housed in all three of Bulk's data centers.

In 2021 Bulk Data Centers expanded its new customer and existing base in all three locations. New customers include hyperscalers in search of highly connected points of presence (PoP) as well as global, regional and local businesses and public organizations.

Bulk Data Centers has strengthened its leadership team and the organization to help drive its ambitious growth plans. With a new office in Germany and the appointment of Gisle M. Eckhoff as Executive Vice President at Bulk Infrastructure Group and Head of Bulk Data Centers.

To support growth, it is important to secure sufficient energy capacity for all of Bulk's data centers. At N01, planning of increased energy capacity has been ongoing for several years, and capacity is currently being expanded by approximately 100 MW to be completed during 2022, and by several hundred MW in the coming years. Strategically located properties have been purchased in both Norway and Denmark to be prepared for the construction of further data centers to meet increasing demand.

The robustness of Bulk's data centers was evidenced by operations running uninterrupted throughout the pandemic.

Data center operations are energy consuming both with respect to powering servers but also keeping them sufficiently cool. Bulk Data Centers operates as energy efficiently as possible and explores heat re-use alternatives. Responsible and sustainable operations are important for customers, employees and Bulk.

Bulk Data Centers has signed letters of intent with companies that will be able to re-use heat from all sites. At N01, Bulk is exploring plans to establish a circular industry cluster where companies from various industries can benefit from re-using energy, which will be the first project of this kind in Norway.

When planning and constructing data centers, Bulk first consults with professional ecologists to ensure that the construction process may take place with the least environmental impact possible. When construction is complete, investments are made to re-establish the nature diversity surrounding the center.







Oslo Internet Exchange (OS-IX) in Oslo

Data center customers have become more sophisticated choosing data center providers that can deliver the highest levels of connectivity, security, stability and sustainability

Gisle M. Eckhoff EVP Bulk Data Centers



### Infrastructure is the backbone of modern society. A digital society needs supply chains, logistics facilities, data centers and fiber networks to function. Bulk provides this infrastructure with sustainable solutions run on renewable power. Bulk has developed a sustainability framework that has been applied to the environmental dimension. The processes relating to social and governance dimensions will be incorporated in the framework during 2022.

Bulk's sustainability framework consists of three perspectives; Location, Asset and Ecosystem.



### Location

Location is key to achieving sustainable solutions. Regions where renewable energy is available, such as the Nordic countries or Canada, provide locations that ensure a high level of sustainability from day one. These regions also offer a stable political environment, low climate risk and a welldeveloped legal and organizational

framework that protects employees.

The need for digital infrastructure increases dramatically, and sustainable locations are necessary to avoid destructive environmental impact. A customer moving their data from a data center in central Europe to Norway will for example reduce their greenhouse gas emissions from power consumption by 96 per cent.



By moving gigabytes instead of gigawatts we are leveraging the advantages of the North such as renewable energy and cold climate

Peder Nærbø Founder and Executive Chair



Bulk continues to explore new ways to enable digitalization on renewables

Fiber networks connecting the Nordics to the rest of Europe and Northern America ensure low latency and high capacity connectivity, enabling data center facilities powered by renewable energy.

The location of a logistics facility will affect greenhouse gas emissions from transport to and from the facility. Bulk's strategy is to find logistics locations as close to airports, ports, railway stations and major road networks as possible. Moving logistics facilities out of the city centers benefits urban development in major cities.

It is also important that the local environmental and biological impact is taken into consideration when deciding on the location of a logistics facility or a data center.



#### Asset



When the location is decided, the next job is to minimize and optimize the use of resources in connection to the asset and avoid harm to the environment. Energy usage, protection of land and nature, usage and pollution of water and material management are focus areas.

In 2021 Bulk started to map emissions for full scope 1-3 according to the Green House Gas Protocol. Scope 1 is direct emissions, scope 2 in indirect emissions from the grid, and scope 3 is indirect emissions not owned by Bulk. Climate targets towards net zero have been set and the

full scope 1-3 climate account will be used to take action to optimize solutions and mitigate emissions.

A lesson learned from the mapping process was that scope 3 represents more than 90 per cent of all emissions and that getting hold of precise emission data is challenging. Bulk collaborates with the value chain and industry as a whole to get more accurate data.

Further documentation will be shared via www.bulkinfrastructure.com when available.

### Ecosystem



The third level of Bulk's sustainability framework is the Ecosystem. We create positive impact by choosing the right locations and optimizing the sustainability of our assets. However, significant impact can only be achieved by defining ourselves as part of a larger system and cooperating with partners, customers, suppliers and employees to change the way we all operate.

In 2021 Bulk conducted a study on circular industry clusters and mapped potential industries that can be part of such a cluster surrounding our data center N01 outside of Kristiansand in Norway.

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### 66



The first Bulk BREEAM-NOR project, Leman I, was certified "Very-good" in 2019 and optimized with solar panels in 2021- this marks the future sustainable standard for new developments

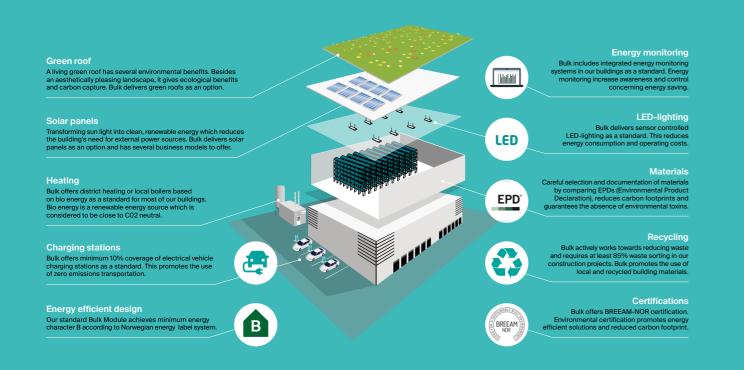
Rune Bang Vice President Projects Industrial Real Estate

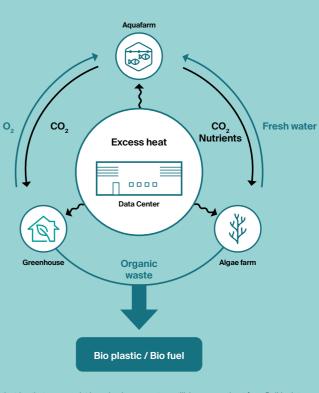




Bulk wants contribute to something bigger than itself, and together with partners it is inspiring to see that we can contribute in new ways using our creative power

Stine Bjønnstu Holthe Head of Sustainability





The standard Sustainable Bulk Building for Industrial Real Estate

By acquiring large areas of land surrounding the data center, Bulk was prepared from the beginning to welcome companies from other industries that can use the excess heat generated by the cooling systems as a resource in their own production processes.

Onsite renewable energy production, such as roof solar panels, will initially cover parts of a buildings' energy needs, but in the long run may also produce excess energy that can be supplied to the grid and benefit other parts of the ecosystem.

Example of industries that can coexist in a circular ecosystem utilizing excess heat from Bulk's data centers



# Board of Directors Report 2021 - Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS

#### **Business description**

Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS, the parent Company of Bulk Infrastructure Group AS, is a leading provider of sustainable digital infrastructure in the Nordics. We are an industrial investor, developer and operator of industrial real estate, data centers and dark fiber networks. We believe in the value creation opportunity of enabling our digital society to be fully sustainable. Hence our vision: *Racing to bring sustainable infrastructure to a global audience*.

#### **Our three Business Areas**

**Bulk Industrial Real Estate** is a Nordic real estate developer and owner, specializing in industrial buildings, large modern warehouses, cross-dock terminals and logistics parks. We seek to be the preferred partner for our customers, offering prime locations, state-of-the-art facilities and sustainable solutions. The business area was established in 2006 and has demonstrated a significant ability to develop industrial properties for a large and diversified portfolio of customers. In 2022 we will have completed more than 50 development projects since establishment, summing up to more than 500,000 square meters of high quality, flexible and energy efficient facilities. We also own a considerable portfolio of yielding properties, and a vast plot bank, allowing us to take part in value creation in all phases of real estate development and ownership.

**Bulk Data Centers** is an industrial developer and operator of data centers and data center services across the Nordics. Bulk has a portfolio of assets, capabilities and partners to serve any data center customer requirement in a fast, secure, cost efficient and sustainable way. We operate scalable facilities, we continue to add new sites to our portfolio, and we have access to strategically located land. We have in-house expertise in data center design, engineering and operations that combined with our industrial real estate development experience and dark fiber network deployments allow us to shape the full value chain of the data processing infrastructure. We can serve customers in dedicated hyperscale facilities and customers in need of server racks in a Colo environment.

**Bulk Fiber Networks** owns and controls dark fiber infrastructure with the purpose of enabling the Nordics for large scale data processing. Our fiber infrastructure is modern with high capacity including both subsea and terrestrial systems. We offer dark fiber, telehousing and cable landing facilities to carriers, large scale data center customers and others that want to produce bandwidth services on top of our infrastructure. Bulk considers itself as an infrastructure provider within fiber, being a partner rather than a competitor to traditional carriers. Bulk has available thousands of km of dark fiber, including both intercontinental, North European and intra-Nordic infrastructure that connects main European markets as well as the US. We continue to explore new subsea and terrestrial fiber routes that could be strategic enablers for the data center growth in the Nordics.

#### Investment criteria

- Sustainability: Target opportunities that enable or deliver a fundamentally more sustainable global society
- Infrastructure: Invest in infrastructure that is critical for the global, modern society
- Long term perspective and Scalable: Ability and willingness to invest with an industrial mindset with patience and focus on scalability from the start
- Nordic: Bulk Leverage the Nordic region's favorable business climate, sustainable power sources and political stability

The investment criteria is set to ensure a mindset and focus to support the Company's long-term vision. The Company has a strong capital allocation capability that makes it robust to fundamental changes in market dynamics. The Company's headquarter is in the city of Oslo in Norway.

#### 2021 in short

Our financial results are a consolidation of different business models within our three Business Areas. Some of these business models represent financial results that can vary substantially from one financial reporting period to another despite limited variability in the underlying business. The primary reason for such fluctuations are a) portfolio sales of Industrial Real Estate projects, and b) delivery of data center services (e.g., design, installation, maintenance) where revenues occasionally include a significant proportion of hardware that is procured by Bulk and included in a services delivery. Additionally, there may be a difference between timing of cash flow and revenue recognition for customer contracts within our Fiber Networks business in IFRS reports, due to the business model of selling Indefeasible Rights of Use (IRU). Please also see note 2.

- Total revenues of NOK 365.7 million compared to NOK 431.4 million last year.
- Industrial Real Estate: The Group has a number of ongoing processes with various tenants for the development of new warehouse and logistics buildings. A total of seven projects was finalized in 2021, while five new projects have been signed for 2022 in addition to three signed projects on existing properties. New and strategic land areas have been acquired in Norway during 2021 in addition to two existing properties. Two properties have also been sold during 2021.
- Data Centers: The development and operation of a multi-site data center portfolio is in good progress. Our Data Center business currently consist of three data centers present in two Nordic countries with N01 Campus in Vennesla (Norway), OS-IX in Oslo (Norway) and DK01 in Esbjerg (Denmark). Both Nordic and International customers have been added during 2021.
- Fiber Networks: The Group has completed the Norwegian Inter-City Ring system with live customers on all segments. The Havfrue system connecting the US, Denmark and Norway, was completed in late 2020 and have been running un-interrupted with customer traffic in 2021. The last branch connecting Havfrue into Ireland is expected finalized during 2022. The subsea segment of the Havsil system connecting N01 (Norway) and DK01 (Denmark) was completed in 2021, ahead of schedule, while the terrestrial segment will be finalized early 2022. All Bulk fiber networks (completed and in operation) have been running without any interruption in services.
- Group development: Bulk Infrastructure and/or relevant subsidiaries are certified in accordance with ISO 9001 Quality Management, 14001 Environmental Management, 22301 Business Continuity and 27001 Information Security. EN50600 for Data Center design and operation is now implemented. As part of our focus on sustainability, Bulk have also decided to measure the Carbon Footprint of its activities and establish a budget and action plan to reduce the greenhouse gas emissions going forward.
- The COVID-19 pandemic had minor influence on the operations in 2021. It has not caused any critical incidents or situations in our deliverables or business continuity. The pandemic strategy has been to protect the employees and critical business activity. The Business Continuity corona team has been active also in 2021 and monitored

and follow up the situation to mitigate the situation. Bulk has followed the national requirements and implemented home office and other infection control measures as required during the year. In addition the projects and operation has followed up on the supply chain to mitigate delays due to the Pandemic.

#### Going concern

In accordance with Section 3-3a of the Norwegian Accounting Act, we hereby confirm the assumption of going concern. The assumption is based on year-end 2021 status and The Group's long-term strategic forecasts for the years ahead. The Group has a solid financial position.

### **Future development**

Industrial Real Estate - The demand for new and modern industrial properties remains high and we expect continued healthy demand going forward. The Group has in 2021 signed new lease agreements of 80,000 sqm for new constructions and more than 60,000 sqm on existing property. Bulk is also involved in zoning and development of new industrial real estate locations, both alone and in partnerships. The transaction market for commercial property in the Warehouse and Industrial real estate verticals has been strong and we expect the demand for goods bought online to continue to fuel market interest for our new build projects.

Data Centers - The underlying demand for data processing and storage infrastructure is fueled by the global megatrend of digitization. The Nordic market for data center capacity is expected to grow significantly going forward. At the macro level, the expected growth is driven by the global increase in need for data processing. Cool climate, energy surplus, sustainable energy mix (zero-emission), low electricity prices and political stability represents a strong value proposition for the Nordic region, positioning the region for an increasing share of the global data center market. Bulk Infrastructure Group AS has, through fully and partly owned subsidiaries, improved our position for taking a substantial market share of this growth going forward with new capacity developed in 2021 and additional plots suitable for data center acquired in both Norway and Denmark. The combination of scalable data center assets at strategic locations in the Nordics and our capability to develop new sites with a short time to market, make Bulk a leading provider in the Nordics. The underlying recurring revenue growth across our asset portfolio is positive with new Nordic and International customers added during 2021.

**Fiber networks** - The strong growth in data processing and storage drives the demand for new investments in underlying fiber infrastructure, including both subsea and terrestrial systems. Bulk is well positioned as a leading provider of large capacity transport fiber, both going into the Nordics and within the Nordics. Several of Bulk's new systems will be completed and become operational during 2022: The Havfrue System, connecting the US and the Nordics is fully operational between the US, Norway and Denmark. The remaining branch connecting into Ireland, will be ready for service in the second half of 2022. The Havsil Cable system, connecting Kristiansand and Esbjerg will be fully operational with live traffic early 2022. The same goes for the Havhingsten system connecting the UK and Ireland into Esbjerg. The Norwegian Inter-City Ring was fully completed and operational in 2021 and will see the last set of Telehousing units come in place during summer 2022. We continue to explore opportunities for new fiber network developments being strategic enablers for the Nordic data center market. The underlying recurring revenue growth across our fiber networks portfolio is positive with new Nordic and International customers added on our fiber systems during 2021.

#### Report on the annual accounts

Total income for The Group was NOK 365.7 million compared to NOK 431.4 million last year. The decrease of NOK 65.8 million mainly relates to lower revenue property sales of NOK 115.9, partly offset by increased rental income and increase in revenue from sales in the Data Centers area. NOK 274.7 million of total income is generated from Industrial Real Estate in 2021, compared to NOK 364.4 million last year. The Data Centers area generates a total income of NOK 82.2 million in 2021, compared to NOK 62.7 million in 2020. The increase in the Data Centers area is due to the refocusing towards long term internal growth and development. In the Fiber Networks area, we gained an income of NOK 7.0 million compared to NOK 2.9 million in 2020. The Group's operating profit was NOK 1,213.7 million in 2021 compared to NOK152.5 million last year, while the annual net profit was NOK 936.0 million in 2021. an increase from NOK 75.9 million in 2020.

Industrial Real Estate contributes with a profit for the year of NOK 1,101.3 million in 2021, compared to NOK 207.8 million last year.

Fair value adjustment on investment properties were NOK 1,352.8 million in 2021, compared to NOK 217.7 million in 2020. The positive fair value adjustment is mainly related to several new signed customer contracts during 2021 and a positive development of the value of both yielding properties and strategic plots.

Total current assets were NOK 871.5 million as of December 31, 2021 compared to NOK 235.7 million as of December 31, 2020.

Total cash were NOK 696.3 million as of December 31, 2021 compared to NOK 82.4 million as of December 31, 2020. Cashflow from operations were negative with NOK 114.5

million in 2021 compared to positive NOK 193.9 million in 2020. The decrease is mainly related to reduced change in property under development related to sale of property compared to last year in addition to increased trade and other receivables. Cashflow from investments in 2021 is negative with NOK 1,208.3 million, of which NOK 1,093.0 million is related to purchase and improvement in investment property and NOK 321.3 million is related to purchase of fixed assets, mainly in the data center and fiber segment. Cashflow from financing is positive with NOK 1,936.7 million in 2021, mainly related to proceeds from borrowings of NOK 601.5 million and share issue of NOK 1,395.9 million.

The Group's total liabilities amounted to NOK 2,803.8 million as of December 31, 2021, compared to NOK 1,974.3 million as of December 31, 2020. The increase in mainly due to increased borrowings related to ongoing construction projects and investment property. The Group continuously monitors the Groups installments and expiration of the long-term debt and prepares action plans to be able to meet its obligations.

Other financial and interest costs amounted to NOK 80.0 million in 2021 compared to NOK 51.9 million in 2020. The Group monitors its financial cost and is continuously working on financial structure.

Total assets at the end of the year amounted to NOK 6,875.6 million compared to NOK 3,708.0 million last year. The equity-to-assets ratio as of December 31, 2021 was 59.2 %, compared to 46.8 % as of December 31, 2020.

The Group's financial position is strong.

#### **Research and development**

The Group has invested resources and know-how into research and development during 2021. Our largest research investment relates to standardized high-capacity data center designs that offer low cost of ownership, strong operational standards, sustainable solutions and short time to market for development. The objective is to benefit from the R&D project by being the fastest provider to deliver high quality and large data center capacity to the Nordic market going forward.

#### **Financial risk**

The Group is exposed to these types of risk:

Liquidity risk - The Group intends to have sufficient liquidity to meet all its obligations, including the new investments that are ongoing. The Group intends to maintain a reasonable amount of liquidity to meet unforeseen obligations. The Group continuously monitors the Groups liquidity and has a long-term liquidity forecast in place. **Interest risk** - The Group has loans with a number of financial institutions, all with long-term repayment plans. The Group is exposed to changes in NIBOR interest rates and SWAP interest. The distribution of fixed and floating interest rates was 9/91 by the end of the period.

**Credit risk** - The Group's warehouse and distribution properties are characterized by high standards, good locations, long lease agreements and reliable tenants. There were no material credit losses in 2021. The Group's tenants normally pay quarterly and in advance. The lease agreements usually require an additional form of collateral or security.

**Currency Exchange risk** – The Group is increasingly exposed to both cost and revenue in different currencies due to growth in international assets and customers. Processes and tools to manage these up and down-side risks are being developed in line with increased exposure.

#### Market risk

#### The transaction market for commercial properties

Demand for commercial real estate in Norway is currently high. Particularly properties with long-term lease agreements and low rental fees are attractive. Demand is expected to keep strong as long the interest rates remain low.

#### Rental Market for warehouses and logistic buildings

The Group is exposed to the risk of changes in lease and rental prices in the market. The Group has several long-term lease agreements in place. The weighted average lease term for tenants has increased from 7.0 years last year to 7.7 years as of December 31, 2021 due to several new signed long-term agreements. The lease agreements provide The Group with fixed and predictable revenues throughout the contract period. Most lease agreements are adjusted annually 100 % in line with the consumer price index. The rate of vacancy in the groups properties is 2,7 % as of December 31, 2021, compared to 23.0 % as of December 31, 2020.

#### Demand for data center services and Fiber networks

The macro drivers for large scale demand for digital Nordic infrastructure are healthy and suggest strong market growth long term. The timing of such large-scale demand asset by asset is difficult to predict and hence exposes The Group to short term uncertainty on capacity development and utilization. Risk is managed by strong focus on our time to market capability that allows for better matching of capacity build-out and verified demand as well as discipline in buildup of fixed cost in early stages of new asset operations.

#### Working environment and personnel

Bulk had a total of 70 employees at the end of year 2021. The Bulk workforce has increased with 15 new employees. In addition to permanent employees, over 30 consultants and 15 subcontractors performing operational services on Bulks behalf.

Bulk is committed to a goal of zero harm to people, assets, and the environment. The cornerstone of this objective is a strong, structured, and companywide HSE system, setting clear standards for HSE management and leadership. Regular audits aim to identify and help address potential shortcomings. Bulk is focused on continuous improvement and learning throughout the organization. The HSE culture is founded on the principle that HSE is personally responsibility for every employee.

In total Bulk had two injuries within our subcontractors related to the industrial real estate business. One of the injuries required medical treatment, and the other one caused lost workdays (lost time injury). Both persons recovered well.

Bulk is committed to a goal of zero harm to its employees, not just through accident prevention, but also through safeguarding employee's physical and mental health. One of the key priorities in 2021 was to also care for the mental health of employees during the pandemic. This included efforts to avoid negative effects of long-term use of home office and other precautions during the past year for significant numbers of employees. The employees have been offered home office equipment, such as extra screens and office chairs, to provide better working conditions. All employees of Bulk are covered by a health insurance with access to medical and mental health services and ergonomic treatments.

The sick leave amounted to 1,9% of the total work force in 2021 compared to 3,01% in 2020. As a result of the continuance of the pandemic, most of the employees have been working from home during larger periods of the year, with exception of critical operations personnel. With the COVID-19 pandemic, a key priority in 2021 was to safeguard employees and ensure that business continuity was maintained.

The company complies with Norwegian law i.e within maternity/ paternity leave, sick leave and sick leave days for being home with children. The company gives the employees leave with full pay.

The employees of Bulk have 2 elected employee representatives to submit request or grievances on behalf of the staff. The representatives have a quarterly meeting with CEO and HR. The company has also a safety representative on each location.

Bulk has all year People process. This entails focus on Engagement, Development and Appreciation. Bulk introduced a new and updated process for the People dialogue in 2021. The People dialogue will be an annual event in February every year.

The company introduced the Engagement & Satisfaction system Winningtemp in November 2021.

Winningtemp is based on artificial intelligence in combination with international studies on well-being. The employees receive a bi-weekly short questionnaire that is linked to 9 categories concerning Engagement & Satisfaction. The survey is done anonymously. Bulks aim in introducing a system such as this, is to measure and optimize the employee experience. This enables Bulks leaders to check in with our employees across countries, time zones, at the office or working from home.

Bulk has established routines for notifications & deviation reports. All employees of Bulk have the right and a duty to notify, and we encourage employees to use the opportunity when needed. Guidelines for deviation reports are listed in the companies HMS Handbook.

The Company has also an internal Hotline established on an online notification channel, for employees that wants to remain anonymous and / or want an independent party (KPMG) to receive their notice.

#### Gender equality and discrimination

Bulk is committed to equal career opportunities and work continuously on promoting a diverse and gender balanced workforce. Out of total recruitments in 2021, 43 percent were women. Bulk has successfully recruited and increased their gender balance from 26,8 percent in 2020 to 42 percent in 2021. The executive team increased from all men to 1/3 women.

Bulk will continue recruitment of female professionals and maintaining a focusing on the best suitable candidate for each role. This also relates to orientation, age, nationality, and other types of discriminatory factors.

The Company is aware of the importance of equal opportunities relating to promotions, performance, development opportunities as well as compensation & benefits. These areas are all assessed and reviewed once a year.

#### Environment reporting/ Preserving the environment

Apart from legal obligations, our company will proactively protect the environment and strive to create long term sustainable solutions for the next generations.

Bulk was founded on the concept of making the sustainable and societal advantages of the Nordics available to the global market. We are proud of our vision: *Racing to bring sustainable infrastructure to a global audience*. We pursue opportunities to contribute to global sustainable development at scale and we use our creative power to develop new high quality, reliable and clean solutions. We respect the environment, people and society as a whole. In January 2022, Bulk joined UN Global Compact; the world's largest voluntary corporate sustainability initiative. For 2022 Bulk will report (CoP 2022) on aligning with the SDGs and the ten principles for responsible business with strategy and operations.

Our Integrated Management System is used to soundly manage, secure and continuously improve all work processes that affect Environment, and we follow up our performance indicators from our Environmental Action plan along with systematic risk management.

In August 2021, the United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) launched its sixth main report. The report is clear — and Bulk shares the sense of urgency about climate change. Bulk works to protect the environment by offering products and services that promote the reduction of the environmental footprint of customers' operations where possible. There is commitment from the company to reduce its own internal emissions by control of its internal activities. In 2021, Bulk started to map its greenhouse gas emissions from our business activities according to the Greenhouse Gas Protocol. Both the mandatory scope 1 and 2, and indirect in scope 3.

Bulk has set the following climate targets:

- Net zero company by 2050
- 50% emission reduction from scope 1 and 2 by 2030
- 30% emission intensity reduction from scope 1, 2, and 3 by 2030

By taking action to reduce emissions and measuring the impact Bulk is gaining knowledge as we go on how fast we can reach net-zero, therefore the reduction targets will be revised yearly and becoming stricter so that we always strive to improve faster. Bulks reduction targets and pathway to net-zero will be align with the Science-Based Target Initiative (SBTI).

Through the Climate Neutral Data Center Pact, Bulk has committed the company to the European Green Deal. Bulk will contribute to achieving the ambitious greenhouse gas reductions of the climate law and leveraging technology and digitalization to achieve the goal of making Europe climate neutral by 2050.

A key priority in 2021 was analyzing the impact of the company on the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG), and setting targets and actions to mitigate our carbon footprint towards 2030. To ensure that we deliver projects and operate our business to high environmental standards we will in 2022 further development this Environmental

action plan and set ambitious targets and actions in the categories:

- Energy efficiency
- Material management
- Water management
- · Protection of land and nature

#### Corporate governance

- risk management and internal control

#### General

Bulk is subject to corporate governance reporting requirements according to the Norwegian Accounting Act, section 3-3b.

Bulk's board of directors believes that good Corporate Governance is a prerequisite for a sound and sustainable company and Bulk's corporate governance is based on openness and equal treatment of shareholders. Bulk's objective for Corporate Governance is accountability, transparency, fairness, and simplicity with the goal of maximizing shareholder value while creating added value for all in compliance with laws, regulations and ethical standards.

Governing structures and controls help to ensure that we run our business in justifiable and profitable manner for the benefit of employees, shareholders, partners, customers, and society.

Bulk is committed to operate in accordance with responsible, ethical, sustainable, and sound business principles, with respect for people, the environment, and the society. The work of the board of directors is based on the existence of a clearly defined division of roles and responsibilities between the shareholders, the board of directors and the company's management. Policies and procedures have been established to manage risks and the board of directors evaluate the overall risk management systems on a regular basis.

The board of directors ensures that Bulk has in place sound and appropriate internal control systems and systems for risk management. Having effective internal control systems and systems for risk management in place prevents the group from situations that can damage its reputation or financial standing. Furthermore, effective and proper internal control and risk management are important factors when building and maintaining trust, to reach the company's objectives, and ultimately create value. Bulk has implemented an Integrated Management System that are proportionate to and reflect the extent and nature of Bulk's activities. The Integrated Management System carries out processes to analyze: 1) the organizational context and strategic priorities; 2) the organization's interested parties and their requirements; and 3) the organization's risks and opportunities, including those which should be treated within the structure of its management system.

The internal control system also addresses the organization and execution of the company's financial reporting, as well as cover the company's corporate values, compliance with all laws and regulations that apply to the Group's business activities, ethical guidelines and principles of corporate social responsibility. Bulk's core values are clearly defined and are reflected in the Company's Code of Ethics. The Code of Ethics includes ethical guidelines and guidelines for corporate social responsibility, hereunder bribery and anti-corruption, unlawful discrimination and human rights, health, safety, and environmental issues.

The Group have a directors and officers liability insurance in place. The insurance coverage is NOK 75 million and cover all Group Companies within ownership of 50% or more. The insurance applies to board members, CEO, members of the Group Management and employees that may incur independent management responsibility. The directors and officer's liability insurance covers the entire world for Companies registered in Norway. It does not cover lawsuits filed in USA and Canada in accordance with American laws.

Corporate governance in Bulk is subject to regular review and discussion by the board of directors.

Annual review and risk management in the annual report The board of directors annually reviews the company's most important areas of risk exposure and the internal control arrangement in place for such areas. The review pay attention to any material shortcomings or weaknesses in the company's internal control and how risks are being managed.

In the annual report, the board of directors describes the main features of the company's internal control and risk management systems as they are connected to the company's financial reporting. This cover the control environment in the company, risk assessment, control activities and information, communication and follow-up. The board of directors is obligated to ensure that it is updated on the company's financial situation and shall continually evaluate whether the company's equity and liquidity are adequate in relation to the risk from the company's activities, and take immediate action if the company's equity or liquidity at any time is shown to be inadequate. The company's management focus on frequent and relevant reporting of both operational and financial matters to the board of directors, where the purpose is to ensure that the board of directors has sufficient information for decision-making and is able to respond quickly to changing conditions. Board meetings

are held frequently, and management reports are provided to the board as a minimum on a quarterly basis.

#### Human rights

Our company is dedicated to protecting human rights. We are a committed equal opportunity employer and will abide by all fair labor practices. We will ensure that our activities do not directly or indirectly violate human rights.

Bulk will follow up all required activities Human rights and rollout standardized human rights training to all in 2022.

#### **Donations and aid**

Our company may preserve a budget to make monetary donations. These donations will aim to:

- · Advance the arts, education and community events
- Alleviate those in need
- Support initiatives related to sustainability

#### Supporting the community

Our company may initiate and support community investment and educational programs. It can provide support to nonprofit organizations or movements to promote cultural and economic development of global and local communities.

Bulk engage in local initiatives like partnering with the

Sustainability Festival in Kristiansand – and sponsoring Sustainathon for students, Global Goals World Cup and Sustainable Conference. Bulk also collaborate with a local university providing cases for Master theses and participate in local research projects - like Norce regarding hydrogen distribution and storage.

#### Subsequent events

Bulk Data Centers AS, the subsidiary of Bulk Infrastructure Group AS, acquired the remaining 50 % of associated company, OS-IX Eiendom Holding AS, from Akershus Energi on January 19, 2022. As such, Bulk Data Centers takes full ownership of OS-IX.

The Group established an incentive program in the end of 2021 with certain new employees. The program includes synthetic options which will be effective Januray 1, 2022. There are no other material subsequent events after the reporting period.

#### Profit/Loss for the year and allocation of funds

The Board of Directors proposes that the loss for the year for Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS amounting to NOK 628 Thousand will be transferred as follows:

| Other equity          | -628 |
|-----------------------|------|
| Total brought forward | -628 |

Lars Oskar Bustgaard

Member of the board

# **Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS Consolidated financial** statements 2021

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- Change in equity
- Cashflow statement
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Oslo. March 24, 2022 The board of Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS

Torbjørn T. Moe Member of the board

Founder and Executive Chair

Peder Nærbø

John Anthony Carrafiell

Member of the board

Jon Gravråk General manage

Even Bratsberg Member of the board

Lars Erich Nilsen Member of the board

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# CREATIVE POWER

» be action-oriented » be opportunity-driven » make changes for the better » be innovative and thinking box » be competent



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### Consolidated statement of profit and loss

For the year ended 31 December 2021

| (NOK '000)   | Notes | 2021      | 2020     |
|--|-------|-----------|----------|
|  |       |           |          |
| Rental income  | 4,5   | 83,342    | 45,405   |
| Revenue property sales   | 4,6   | 182,537   | 303,173  |
| Revenue from sales   | 4     | 64,545    | 50,411   |
| Other revenue  | 4     | 35,248    | 32,442   |
| Total revenue and other income   | 4,5   | 365,673   | 431,432  |
| Property-related expenses  | 4     | 12,269    | 4,159    |
| Cost of property sales   | 4,6   | 173,883   | 261,575  |
| Cost of sales  | 4     | 61,291    | 56,936   |
| Other cost   | 7,8   | 257,356   | 173,881  |
| Total expenses   |       | 504,799   | 496,552  |
| Operating profit before fair value adjustments on investment properties      |       | -139,127  | -65,120  |
|  | 2     | 4 959 949 | 0.17.055 |
| Fair value adjustments on investment properties                              | 6     | 1,352,819 | 217,655  |
| Operating profit   |       | 1,213,692 | 152,534  |
| Share of profit/loss(-) of investments accounted for using the equity method | 9     | 77,267    | -7,875   |
| Finance income   | 10    | 18,484    | 12,479   |
| Finance costs  | 10    | 111,360   | 65,380   |
| Fair value adjustments on derivatives  | 10    | 4,901     | -2,935   |
| Net financial items  |       | -10,709   | -63,711  |
| Profit before income tax   |       | 1,202,983 | 88,824   |
| Income tax expense   | 11    | 267,009   | 12,907   |
| Profit for the year  |       | 935,974   | 75,916   |

### Consolidated statement of profit and loss

For the year ended 31 December 2021

| (NOK '000)  | Notes | 2021    | 202   |
|---|-------|---------|-------|
| Profit for the period                                     |       | 935,974 | 75,91 |
| Other comprehensive income                                |       |         |       |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss         |       |         |       |
| Exchange differences on translation on foreign operations | 4     | -6,417  | 9,6   |
| Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax       |       | -6,417  | 9,6   |
| Total comprehensive income                                |       | 929,556 | 85,6  |
| Attributable to:  |       |         |       |
| Shareholders in the parent Company                        |       | 767,871 | 85,6  |
| Non-controlling interests                                 |       | 161,685 |       |
|   |       |         |       |



Manic-5 hydroelectric dam in Québec, Canada

#### **Consolidated balance sheet**

| (NOK '000)                             | Notes   | 2021      | 2020      |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|
| Assets                                 |         |           |           |
| Intangible fixed assets                |         |           |           |
| Goodwill                               | 12,13   | -         | 16,948    |
| Other intangible assets                | 13      | 1,445     | 4,528     |
| Total intangible assets                |         | 1,445     | 21,475    |
| Other non-current assets               |         |           |           |
| Investment property                    | 4,6     | 4,184,248 | 1,777,179 |
| Property, plant & equipment            | 14      | 1,328,690 | 1,390,238 |
| Investment in Associated company       | 9,15,28 | 289,212   | 247,040   |
| Receivable from related party          | 16      | 10,396    | -         |
| Derivative financial instruments       | 16,26   | 1,139     |           |
| Other receivables                      | 16,17   | 12,616    | 3,491     |
| Investment in shares                   | 16      | 1,249     | 1,249     |
| Right-of-use assets                    | 18      | 175,101   | 31,597    |
| Total other non-current assets         |         | 6,002,651 | 3,450,795 |
| Total non-current assets               |         | 6,004,096 | 3,472,271 |
| Current assets                         |         |           |           |
| Inventories                            | 19      | 5,484     | 5,932     |
| Property under development - inventory | 6       | -         | 19,599    |
| Receivable from related party          | 16      | 15,093    | -         |
| Trade and other receivables            | 16,20   | 154,621   | 127,704   |
| Cash and cash equivalents              | 16,21   | 696,325   | 82,448    |
| Total current assets                   |         | 871,523   | 235,683   |
| Total assets                           |         | 6,875,620 | 3,707,954 |

#### Consolidated balance sheet

| (NOK '000)                              | Notes    | 2021          | 2020      |
|---|----------|---------------|-----------|
| Faulty and liabilities                  |          |               |           |
| Equity and liabilities                  |          |               |           |
| Paid in equity                          |          | 2 060         | 0.050     |
| Ordinary shares<br>Own shares           |          | 3,069<br>-110 | 2,358     |
|   |          |               | -110      |
| Share premium                           | 22       | 3,055,216     | 1,659,982 |
| Total paid in equity                    | 22       | 3,058,175     | 1,662,230 |
| Retained earnings                       |          |               |           |
| Retained earnings                       |          | 802,232       | 71,429    |
| Total retained earnings                 |          | 802,232       | 71,429    |
| Non-controlling interests               |          | 211,367       |           |
|   |          | 211,001       |           |
| Total equity                            | 22       | 4,071,774     | 1,733,660 |
| Non-current liabilities                 |          |               |           |
| Bond loan                               | 16,25    | 969,350       | 966,205   |
| Borrowings                              | 16,23,25 | 1,081,665     | 364,500   |
| Derivative financial instruments        | 16,26    | 9,540         | 12,901    |
| Lease liabilities                       | 18       | 31,885        | 28,661    |
| Contract liabilities                    | 4        | 30,765        | 26,902    |
| Other long-term liabilities             | 16,23    | 33,634        | 48,000    |
| Deferred tax liabilities                | 11       | 290,321       | 9,887     |
| Total non-current liabilities           |          | 2,447,161     | 1,457,057 |
| Current liabilities                     |          |               |           |
| Trade payables                          | 27       | 75,143        | 103,414   |
| Short-term portion of borrowings        | 16,23,25 | 140,618       | 259,385   |
| Short-term portion of derivatives       | 16,26    | 1,279         | 1,679     |
| Short-term portion of lease liabilities | 18       | 8,144         | 4,217     |
| Contract liabilities                    | 4        | 1,308         | 941       |
| Other payables                          | 16,27    | 130,192       | 147,600   |
| Total current liabilities               |          | 356,685       | 517,237   |
| Total liabilities                       |          | 2,803,846     | 1,974,294 |
| Total equity and liabilities            |          | 6 975 690     | 2 707 054 |
| Total equity and liabilities            |          | 6,875,620     | 3,707,954 |

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Oslo, March 24, 2022 The board of Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS

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Jeler

Torbjørn T. Moe Member of the board



Even Bratsberg Member of the board

Lars Erich Nilsen Member of the board

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VUB nal

Peder Nærbø Founder and Executive Chair

Lars Oskar Bustgaard Member of the board

N John Anthony Carrafiell

Member of the board

Jon Gravråk General manager

### Consolidated statement of changes in equity

| (NOK '000)   |  | Pa                | id in equ     | ity                           | Retained e  | arnings                                      | Non-<br>controlling<br>interests |   |
|--|--|-------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|---|
|  |  | Share capital     | Own<br>shares | Share premium                 | Exchange<br>differences on<br>translation<br>on foreign<br>operations | Retained<br>earnings                         | Non-<br>controlling<br>interests | Total equity  |
| 1/1/2020   |  | 2,630             | -110          | 1,659,982                     | -   | 120,942                                      | 7,500                            | 1,790,944   |
| Profit for the period<br>Other comprehensive income - currency<br>Change in minority<br>Redemption of C-shares<br>Dividend<br>Other changes  |  | -272              |               |                               | 9,687   | 75,916<br>7,500<br><b>-137,132</b><br>-5,484 | -7,500                           | 75,916<br>9,687<br>-<br>-272<br>-137,132<br>-5,484                              |
| 12/31/2020   |  | 2,358             | -110,         | 1,659,982                     | 9,687   | 61,742                                       | -                                | 1,733,660   |
| 1/1/2021   |  | 2,358             | -110          | 1,659,982                     | 9,687   | 61,742                                       | -                                | 1,733,660   |
| Profit for the period<br>Other comprehensive income - currency<br>Purchase own share<br>Share issue - May 11, 2021<br>Share issue - September 30, 2021<br>Share issue - December 28, 2021<br>Sale of shares to minority<br>Other changes |  | 302<br>251<br>158 |               | 580,967<br>499,749<br>314,518 | -6,417  | 774,288<br>-6,711<br>-35,073<br>4,716        | 161,685<br>49,681                | 935,974<br>-6,417<br>-6,711<br>581,269<br>500,000<br>314,676<br>14,608<br>4,716 |
| 12/31/2021   |  | 3,069             | -110          | 3,055,216                     | 3,270   | 798,963                                      | 211,367                          | 4,071,774   |

#### Cashflow statement - consolidated

| <b>C</b>  |  |
|---|--|
| Cas   | h flow from operations   |
| Prof  | it before income taxes   |
| Adju  | ist for:   |
|   | Depreciation and impairment  |
|   | Fair value adj. on investment properties   |
|   | Share of profit/loss(-) of investments accounted for u   |
|   | the equity method  |
|   | Finance income   |
|   | Finance costs  |
|   | Fair value change derivatives  |
| Cas   | hflow before change in working capital   |
| Cha   | nge in working capital   |
|   | Trade and other receivables  |
|   | Trade and other payables   |
|   | Property under development - inventory   |
| Net   | cash flow from operations (A)  |
| Cas   | h flow from investments  |
| Dur   | chase and improvements of investments property   |
| -ur(  | since and improvemente of infootition to property  |
|   | es credit purchase investment property   |
| Sale  |  |
| Sale<br>Sale  | es credit purchase investment property   |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divi  | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure  |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divie<br>Pure   | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received   |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divi<br>Puro<br>Puro  | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies  |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divie<br>Puro<br>Puro<br><b>Net</b>   | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets   |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divid<br>Puro<br>Net<br>Cas   | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br>cash flow from investments (B)   |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divie<br>Puro<br>Net<br>Cas<br>Sale   | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br>cash flow from investments (B)<br>h flow from financing  |
| Sale<br>Divid<br>Purc<br>Purc<br><b>Net</b><br>Sale<br>Fina   | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br>cash flow from investments (B)<br>h flow from financing<br>e of shares in group companies  |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divid<br>Puro<br><b>Net</b><br><b>Cas</b><br>Sale<br>Fina<br>Inte   | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br><b>cash flow from investments (B)</b><br>h flow from financing<br>e of shares in group companies<br>ance cost paid including interest paid on derivatives  |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divid<br>Puro<br><b>Net</b><br><b>Cas</b><br>Sale<br>Fina<br>Inter<br>Proo                                  | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br><b>cash flow from investments (B)</b><br><b>h flow from financing</b><br>e of shares in group companies<br>ance cost paid including interest paid on derivatives<br>rest received  |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divid<br>Purce<br>Net<br>Cas<br>Sale<br>Fina<br>Inter<br>Proce<br>Cha                                       | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br>cash flow from investments (B)<br>h flow from financing<br>e of shares in group companies<br>ance cost paid including interest paid on derivatives<br>rest received<br>ceeds from Borrowings   |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divid<br>Purce<br>Net<br>Cas<br>Sale<br>Fina<br>Inter<br>Cha<br>Cha   | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br><b>cash flow from investments (B)</b><br><b>h flow from financing</b><br>e of shares in group companies<br>ance cost paid including interest paid on derivatives<br>rest received<br>ceeds from Borrowings<br>inge in other long-term liabilities  |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divid<br>Purc<br>Purc<br><b>Net</b><br>Cas<br>Sale<br>Fina<br>Intel<br>Proo<br>Cha<br>Cha<br>Prin           | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br><b>cash flow from investments (B)</b><br><b>h flow from financing</b><br>e of shares in group companies<br>ance cost paid including interest paid on derivatives<br>rest received<br>ceeds from Borrowings<br>inge in other long-term liabilities<br>inge in receivable related party  |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divid<br>Puro<br><b>Net</b><br><b>Cas</b><br>Sale<br>Fina<br>Intel<br>Cha<br>Cha<br>Prin<br>Intel           | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br><b>cash flow from investments (B)</b><br><b>h flow from financing</b><br>e of shares in group companies<br>ance cost paid including interest paid on derivatives<br>rest received<br>ceeds from Borrowings<br>nge in other long-term liabilities<br>nge in receivable related party<br>cipal paid on lease liabilities   |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divid<br>Purc<br><b>Net</b><br>Cas<br>Sale<br>Fina<br>Intel<br>Cha<br>Proo<br>Cha<br>Prin<br>Intel<br>Othe  | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br><b>cash flow from investments (B)</b><br><b>h flow from financing</b><br>e of shares in group companies<br>ance cost paid including interest paid on derivatives<br>rest received<br>ceeds from Borrowings<br>inge in other long-term liabilities<br>inge in receivable related party<br>cipal paid on lease liabilities<br>rest paid on lease liabilities             |
| Sale<br>Sale<br>Divid<br>Purce<br>Net<br>Cas<br>Sale<br>Fina<br>Intel<br>Cha<br>Proo<br>Cha<br>Prin<br>Intel<br>Othe<br>Sha | es credit purchase investment property<br>e of fiber infrastructure<br>dend received<br>chase of shares in associated companies<br>chase of fixed assets<br><b>cash flow from investments (B)</b><br><b>h flow from financing</b><br>e of shares in group companies<br>ance cost paid including interest paid on derivatives<br>rest received<br>ceeds from Borrowings<br>nge in other long-term liabilities<br>nge in receivable related party<br>cipal paid on lease liabilities<br>rest paid on lease liabilities<br>er changes |

#### Net change in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period

Restricted funds

Certain items in the 2020 cashflow presentation has been altered to align with 2021 presentation.

| <br>Note | 2021       | 2020               |
|----------|------------|--------------------|
|          |            |                    |
|          | 1 000 000  |                    |
|          | 1,202,983  | 88,824             |
| 13,14    | 53,097     | 32,246             |
| 6        | -1,352,819 | -217,655           |
| 9,10     |            |                    |
|          | -77,267    | 7,875              |
| 10       | -18,484    | -12,479            |
| 10       | 111,360    | 65,380             |
| 10       | -4,901     | 2,935              |
|          | -86,029    | -32,874            |
|          |            |                    |
|          | -56,904    | 38,220             |
|          | -34,299    | -18,003            |
|          | 62,759     | 206,520            |
|          |            |                    |
|          | -114,474   | 193,862            |
|          |            |                    |
| 6        | 1 002 011  | E70 0E2            |
| 0        | -1,093,011 | -570,953<br>89,000 |
| 14       | 206,074    | 09,000             |
| 9        | 650        | 1,350              |
| Ŭ        | -761       | -108,506           |
| 13,14    | -321,275   | -266,562           |
| - ,      | -1,208,324 | -855,671           |
|          |            |                    |
|          | 62,530     | -                  |
| 10       | -93,407    | -65,380            |
| 10       | 1,052      | 3,721              |
| 23       | 601,544    | 487,318            |
|          | -14,366    | -                  |
|          | -10 396    | -                  |
| 18       | -4 163     | -2 340             |
| 18       | -2 064     | -2 026             |
|          | -          | 1,488              |
|          | 1,395,944  | -                  |
|          | -          | -137,132           |
|          | 1,936,675  | 285,650            |
|          | 613,877    | -376,159           |
|          | 82,448     | 458,607            |
|          | 696,325    | 82,448             |
| 21       | 4,494      | 4,024              |
| 21       | 4,494      | 4,024              |

#### **Corporate information**

Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS is a holding company registered in Norway. The head office of the company is in Karenslyst Allé 53, Oslo, Norway. The Company is the parent company of Bulk Infrastructure Group AS, which in turn is the parent company of Bulk Industrial Real Estate AS, Bulk Data Centers AS and Bulk Fiber Networks AS.

The covid-19 pandemic has not had any significant impact on the Group.

**Bulk Industrial Real Estate** is a Nordic real estate developer, specializing in industrial buildings, large modern warehouses, crossdock terminals and logistics parks. The business area was established in 2006 and has already developed and delivered to customers more than 500,000 m<sup>2</sup> of high quality, flexible and energy efficient facilities. As of December 31, 2021, additional 60,453 m<sup>2</sup> are under construction and ready to be handed over in 2022.

Bulk Data Centers is an industrial developer and operator of data centers and data center services across the Nordics. Bulk has a portfolio of assets, capabilities and partners to serve any data center customer requirement in a fast, secure, cost efficient and sustainable way. We operate scalable facilities, we continue to

add new sites to our portfolio, and we have access to strategically located land. We have in-house expertise in data center design, engineering and operations that combined with our industrial real estate development experience and dark fiber network deployments allow us to shape the full value chain of the data processing infrastructure. We can serve customers in dedicated hyperscale facilities and customers in need of server racks in a Colo environment.

Bulk Fiber Networks owns and controls dark fiber infrastructure with the purpose of enabling the Nordics for large scale data processing. Our fiber infrastructure is modern with high capacity including both subsea and terrestrial systems. We can offer dark fiber to carriers, large scale data center customers and others that want to produce bandwidth services on top of our infrastructure. Bulk considers itself as an infrastructure provider within fiber, being a partner rather than a competitor to traditional carriers. Bulk has available thousands of km of dark fiber, including both intercontinental, North European and intra-Nordic infrastructure that connects main European markets as well as the US. We continue to explore new subsea and terrestrial fiber routes that could be strategic enablers for the data center growth in the Nordics.

The Board of Directors authorized these financial statements for issue on March 24, 2022.

### Note 2

#### Accounting principles

- 2.1 Basis of preparation
- 2.2 Changes in accounting policies
- 2.3 Consolidation
- 2.4 Foreign currency translation
- 2.5 Investment property
- 2.6 Property, plant and equipment
- 2.7 Lease agreements
- 2.8 Goodwill
- 2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets
- 2.10 Financial assets
- 2.11 Borrowing costs

- 2.12 Inventory
- 2.13 Share capital
- 2.14 Current and deferred income tax
- 2.15 Provisions
- 2.16 Revenue recognition
- 2.17 Property-related expenses and other costs
- 2.18 Interest income
- 2.19 Classification of assets and debt
- 2.20 Dividends
- 2.21 Segment information

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statement has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as endorsed by the EU. The Group also present additional disclosures as required under the Norwegian Accounting Act.

- The consolidated financial statement has been prepared on a historical cost basis, with the following exceptions:
- Investment properties are recognized at their fair value and changes in fair value are recognized as fair value adjustment in the income statement
- Financial derivatives are recognized at their fair value over the profit and loss statement
- Investment in shares are recognized at fair value over profit and loss
- The consolidated accounts have been prepared with consistent accounting principles for similar transactions and events. The corresponding figures have been prepared on the basis of the same accounting principles.

#### 2.2 Changes in accounting policies

#### New and amended standards effective from 2021

There are no new standards effective for the fiscal year 2021. However, there are several new amendments to standards and interpretations that are effective for the fiscal year 2021.

There have been amendments to the IFRS 4 - Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9, and amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 – Interest rate benchmark reform - phase 2. Further, there has been amendments to IFRS 16 – Covid-19 related rent concessions. These amendments are not further outlined as they are not considered to have significant impact on the Group's consolidated accounts.

#### 2.3 Consolidation

#### Subsidiaries

When the company has control over an investee, it is classified as a subsidiary. Control is determined by significant influence in another entity through majority of shares. The company controls an investee if the company has power over the investee, is exposed to variable returns from the investee, and has the ability to use its power over the investee to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control. All entities of which the Group has ownership of at least 51 % is defined as a subsidiary. As of 2021, the Group has two subsidiaries in the Real Estate segment with 51 % ownership.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date the group gains control until the date control ceases.

#### Acquisitions of subsidiaries – business combinations

The group applies the acquisitions method to account for acquisition of subsidiaries or other entities. The assets and debt transferred in business combinations are recognized at their fair values at the acquisition date. Deferred tax is calculated based on the difference between fair value and the tax bases of assets and debt.

Goodwill is calculated as the excess of the consideration and the net fair value of the net identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquire and the fair value of the non-controlling interest in the acquire. The minority interest is valued either at fair value or by the non-controlling interest share of the net assets. Goodwill is not depreciated but an impairment test is performed each year. If the fair value of net asset is in excess of consideration transferred ("negative goodwill") a gain is recognized in profit and loss on the date of acquisition. No business combinations were performed in 2021.

### Acquisition of subsidiaries not viewed as business combinations

Acquisition of entities in which the activities do not constitute a business, are accounted for as a purchase of assets in accordance with IFRS 3. The acquisition cost is allocated to the acquired assets. No goodwill is calculated for this type of acquisition, and no deferred tax is recognized for temporary differences that arises at initial recognition. The Group's business continuously includes acquisitions, mostly within the Industrial Real Estate segment. During 2021 the Group has carried out two acquisitions accounted for as purchase of single asset.

#### Joint arrangements

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint arrangements are classified as joint operations and joint ventures depending on the rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangement.

- Joint operations: In joint operations, two or more organizations contribute on a specific project. The organizations operate individually and there are agreements in place regarding resources and responsibilities related to the project. The parties in the joint operation have joint control of the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. The Group currently has such an ongoing project related to the transatlantic subsea system, Havfrue. Bulk recognizes our part, according to the Havfrue project agreement, of the assets and liabilities in the joint operation, as well as revenue and expenses. The accounting treatment is in line with IFRS 11.
- Joint ventures: Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognized at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and joint ventures are recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the entity. The investor's share in the joint venture's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying amount of the investment in the joint venture. The Group currently has three joint ventures. Refer note disclosures for further details.

#### Associates

Investments in associates are entities over which the group has significant influence but not control (generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights). Associates are included using the equity method from the date when the group achieves significant influence. When the group no longer have significant influence the equity method is no longer applied. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognized at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

#### Elimination of transactions

Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies are eliminated.

Unrealized gains on transactions with associates are eliminated to the extent of the group's interest in the associate. Unrealized losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

The Group's presentation currency is NOK. This is also the functional currency of the parent company and most of the subsidiaries. The Group has two subsidiaries in the UK of which the functional currency is GBP. Further, five subsidiaries are located in Denmark and have DKK as the functional currency.

The balance sheet items of foreign subsidiaries are translated and consolidated with the year-end currency rate. The income statement is translated using the average currency rate for the period.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated to the year-end transaction date and recognized in other comprehensive income. Foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the income statement. The average exchange rate was 1.3631 DKK/NOK in 2021 (2020: 1.4382) and 11.9398 GBP/ NOK in 2021 (2020: 12.0514). At 31 December 2021 an exchange rate of DKK/NOK 1.3432 (2020: 1.4071) and GBP/NOK 11.8875 (2020: 11.6462) was used for the valuation of balance sheet items.

#### 2.5 Investment property

Property held with the purpose of achieving rental income, increase in value, or both, are classified as investment property. Investment property also include property under development for future use as investment property.

Owned investment property is initially measured at cost. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement. Cost comprises of the purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure, including professional fees for legal services, property transfer taxes and other transaction costs.

After initial recognition, the investment property is measured at fair value. The Group obtains valuations on investment property semi-annually from an external party. The valuations related to projects under construction are presented at discounted fair value of the property. The valuation does not account for costs related to finalization of the projects. As such, management adjusts the valuation on these projects with remaining construction cost. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized over profit and loss in the period they arise. Management conducts internal valuation based on input from projects on a quarterly basis.

Subsequent costs relating to investment property are included in the carrying amount if it is probable that they will result in future economic benefits for the investment property and the costs can be measured reliably. Expenses relating to operations and maintenance of the investment property are recognized in profit and loss in the financial period in which they are incurred.

Investment properties are derecognized when they are sold or are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected if disposed of. All gains or losses relating to sales or disposal are recognized in profit and loss.

Investment property is transferred from investment property only when there is a change in use. A reclassification from investment property to inventories is made when development with a view to sell is commenced.

#### 2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Properties that do not qualify as investment property is presented as property, plant and equipment. Such property is mostly related to fiber infrastructure, data center buildings, technical infrastructure, and land, and other fixed assets. Other fixed assets include, among other things, electric cars and upgrade of rented office premises. All property, plant and equipment are recognized at cost less accumulated and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be reliable measured. All other repairs and maintenance are recognized in profit and loss as incurred.

Land is not depreciated. However, ground works that are subject to physical deterioration will be depreciated. Depreciation on assets under construction does not commence until they are complete and available for use. All other items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their expected useful economic lives. The expected useful economic life currently ranges from 4 - 50 years, of which the highest expected life relates to data center buildings and fiber infrastructure.

#### 2.7 Lease agreements

#### (a) When a group company is the lessee

Upon lease commencement the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at the amount of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs incurred. After lease commencement, the Group measures the right-of-use asset using a cost model.

Under the cost model a right-of-use asset is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted at the rate implicit in the lease if that can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate. Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate are included in the initial measurement of the lease liability and are initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date. Amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees are also included. Variable lease payments that are not included in the measurement of the lease liability are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers payment occurs.

The lease liability is subsequently remeasured to reflect changes in:

- the lease term (using a revised discount rate)
- the assessment of a purchase option (using a revised discount rate)
- the amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees (using an unchanged discount rate)
- future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments (using an unchanged discount rate)

The remeasurements are treated as adjustments to the right-ofuse asset.

#### (b) When a group company is the lessor

The group classifies each lease as an operating lease or a finance lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. Otherwise a lease is classified as an operating lease.

Examples of situations that individually or in combination would

normally lead to a lease being classified as a finance lease are:

- the lease transfers ownership of the asset to the lessee by the end of the lease term the lessee has the option to purchase the asset at a price which is expected to be sufficiently lower than fair value at the date the option becomes exercisable that, at the inception of the lease, it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.
- the lease term is for the major part of the economic life of the asset, even if title is not transferred.
- at the inception of the lease, the present value of the minimum lease payments amounts to at least substantially all of the fair value of the leased asset.
- the leased assets are of a specialized nature such that only the lessee can use them without major modifications being made.

Upon lease commencement, the Group recognize assets held under a finance lease as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. The group recognizes finance income over the lease term of a finance lease, based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment. The Group recognizes operating lease payments as income on a straight-line basis or, if more representative of the pattern in which benefit from use of the underlying asset is diminished, another systematic basis.

Property leased on an operational lease is included in investment property on the group balance sheet. Rental income is included on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. The group pays fee to consultants in negotiations of new lease agreements. Fees paid in relation to new lease agreements is included in the carrying amount of the investment property and is amortized over the lease term. Other payments, free rental periods or other incentives are also recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group classifies its long-term fiber IRUs (Indefeasible right of use) as finance leases for the following reasons:

- The leases transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying fiber assets.
- The lease terms are for the major part of the economic life of the fiber assets.

The Group classifies its short-term fiber IRUs as operational leases, as none of the above criteria for classification as financial lease are met for these IRUs.

#### 2.8 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of a business combination over, the Group's interest in the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired, and the total fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired.

The cost of a business combination comprises the fair value of assets given, liabilities assumed, and equity instruments issued, plus the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree plus, if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree. Contingent consideration is included in cost at its acquisition date fair value and. Direct costs of acquisition are recognized immediately as an expense.

Goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment loss.

As of December 31, 2021, the goodwill in the Group has been impaired in full based on the result of the yearly assessment.

#### 2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Goodwill, intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not ready to use are also tested annually for impairment.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's/CGU's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Prior impairments of non-financial assets other than goodwill, are reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

#### 2.10 Financial assets and liabilities

#### Financial assets

The group currently classifies its financial assets in one of the following categories: (a) at fair value through profit or loss and (b) loans and receivables. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

#### (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, is measured at fair value through profit or loss. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are also measured at fair value through profit and loss, unless they are designated as hedge instruments. The Group does not apply hedge accounting. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months, otherwise they are classified as non-current.

The Group currently has two interest rate swaps related to loans in the Industrial Real Estate segment that is measured through profit and loss.

Financial assets are initially recognized at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category is presented as financial items in the income statement.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

#### (b) Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost when the financial asset is held to collect contractual cash flows and when the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The group's financial assets at amortized cost comprise 'receivable from related party', 'trade and other receivables' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the balance sheet.

#### Receivable from related party

Receivable from related party is a receivable from associated company. The receivable is classified as non-current as it is expected to be collected in more than one year.

#### Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods

sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, bank deposits, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less

Financial assets at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value, transaction costs are added to the carrying amount. Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently carried at amortized cost.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The group recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

#### Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities at amortized cost include all financial liabilities not classified at fair value through profit and loss. All the group's financial liabilities, except for derivatives, are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost.

#### Trade payables and other short-term payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities

Trade payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### Offsetting financial assets and obligations

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. This normally happens when the group pays the financial liability.

#### 2.11 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are included in the cost of those assets.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Financial liabilities are presented as non-current liabilities when the group has an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after of the end of the reporting period.

#### 2.12 Inventory

Raw materials, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labor and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 2.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where any group company purchases the company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid is deducted from equity. When such ordinary shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, is included in equity attributable to the company's equity holders. Voting rights related to treasury shares are annulled and no dividend is allocated to treasury shares.

#### 2.14 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and changes in deferred tax. Tax expense is recognized in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized on temporary is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term. differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax is not recognized if it arises from initial recognition of an Income arising from expenses recharged to tenants is recognized asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination in the period the associated cost is incurred. that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Revenue from property sales

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized, or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

#### 2.15 Provisions

Provisions for environmental restoration, restructuring costs and legal claims are recognized when the group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Restructuring provisions typically comprise lease termination penalties and employee termination payments. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

#### 2.16 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when, or as, control of a good or service is transferd to a customer. The amount recognized reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue comprises of rental income, revenue from property sales, revenue from sales and other revenue. Rental income and revenue from property sales are mainly generated in the Industrial

Real Estate segment. Revenue from sales is attributable to Data Centers and Fiber Networks.

#### Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment property

Revenue from property sales is generated from sale of completed property or sale of property under construction. For sale of completed property, revenue is recognized at point of sale. In the occasion where a contract is entered into for sale of property under construction, we have considered the performance obligations satisfied over time in accordance with IFRS 15. The criteria for revenue recognition over time read as follows:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the entity performs
- the entity's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced or
- the entity's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date

One of the three criteria needs to be met for the revenue from the sale of property under construction to be recognized over time. The first criteria is not applicable as property is not a service that can be consumed as the construction is ongoing. The third criteria is not met as the Group could construct the property for rental purposes, and as such, create an alternative use. However, the second criteria is considered more relevant. The Group's procedure is that no control of the property is transferred to the buyer while the construction is ongoing. As such, the buyer cannot utilize the property before delivery. Further, the risk of the project lies with the Group as the price is already agreed by contract and additional costs would accrue to the Group. Following these arguments, we conclude that none of the criteria for the performance obligations satisfied over time is met. Hence, the Group recognize revenue from sale of property under construction at point of delivery when all control is transferred to the buyer. Payment terms from property sales are usually upon completion in the case of construction of a property and upon delivery in the case of sale of completed properties. Contracts generally do not have significant financing components, but occasionally contracts relating to property sales contain guarantee rent components.

#### Revenue from sales

Revenue from sales is comprised of sale of dark fiber (IRUs) and revenue from sales of data center services

Revenue from sales of data center service is comprised of sale of data center services and related goods. These services consist of cooling, security, and access to fiber for the customer's data servers. The services are invoiced up-front monthly or quarterly, based on the contracts, and revenue accrued and recognized monthly. Further, electricity is invoiced monthly and settled based on annual calculation of actual consumption at the end of the year. The revenue is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer. The data center services are simultaneously received and consumed by the customer. As such, revenue is recognized over time in line with the performance obligations satisfied over time. In addition, "smart hands" is offered to the customer, which is a service where data center personnel make immediate physical adjustments or maintenance on the

server based on customer request. The service is invoiced and recognized at point of delivery.

Revenue from sale of dark fiber (IRUs) is recognized based on the classification of individual contracts as either financial or operational leases, in accordance with IFRS 16. Long-term IRU are classified as financial leases, under which the Group recognizes assets held as receivable at amounts equal to the net investment in the respective lease. The Group recognizes income of the lease term of a finance lease, based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment. Revenue from long-term IRUs is usually recognized at RFS (ready for service) date. The RFS date is in line with the commencement date of which the fiber is available for use. Short-term IRUs are classified as operational leases, under which the Group recognizes lease payments on a straight-line basis. The performance obligation satisfied over time is applied for revenue recognition of short-term IRUs as outlined above for data center services. The same principle apply as the customer is considered to receive and consume the benefit of the dark fiber over time. As of December 31, 2021, the Group has not considered any of the contracted IRUs to gualify as financial lease. As such, all IRUs are treated as operational, and revenue is recorded over the period of the IRU contract.

The group satisfies its obligations in contracts with customers regarding sale of dark fiber or data center services upon delivery, or as services are rendered. Payment terms for revenue from sales are typically 30 days.

#### Other revenue

Other revenue mainly consists of business management for external parties and common cost recharged. In addition, there will at times by presented revenue generated within a segment that is not suited for categorization on the core revenue financial lines of that segment. For instance, leasehold improvements within Bulk Industrial Real Estate. Other revenue is recognized point in time as the shared costs are invoiced to tenants.

#### 2.17 Property-related expenses and other costs

Costs directly related to the operation of existing properties are recognized as property-related expenses, other costs are included as administration costs. Costs are recognized as incurred.

#### Cost of property sales and cost of sales

Cost of sales is recognized as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognized.

#### 2.18 Interest income

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method.

#### 2.19 Classification of assets and debt

Assets and liabilities expected to be settled within 12 months, and other items that are included in the company's normal operating cycle are classified as current. First year installment of the long-term debt is classified as current liabilities.

#### 2.20 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the company's shareholders.

#### 2.21 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the corporate management.

### Note 3

#### Accounting estimates

When preparing the financial accounts according to IFRS the group management makes judgement that may have significant impact on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. The management also makes estimates based on assumption. Uncertainty relating to these assumptions and estimates may require material adjustement to the carrying amount of the group assets or liabilities in future periods.

#### Estimates

The group's most significant estimates relates to the following:

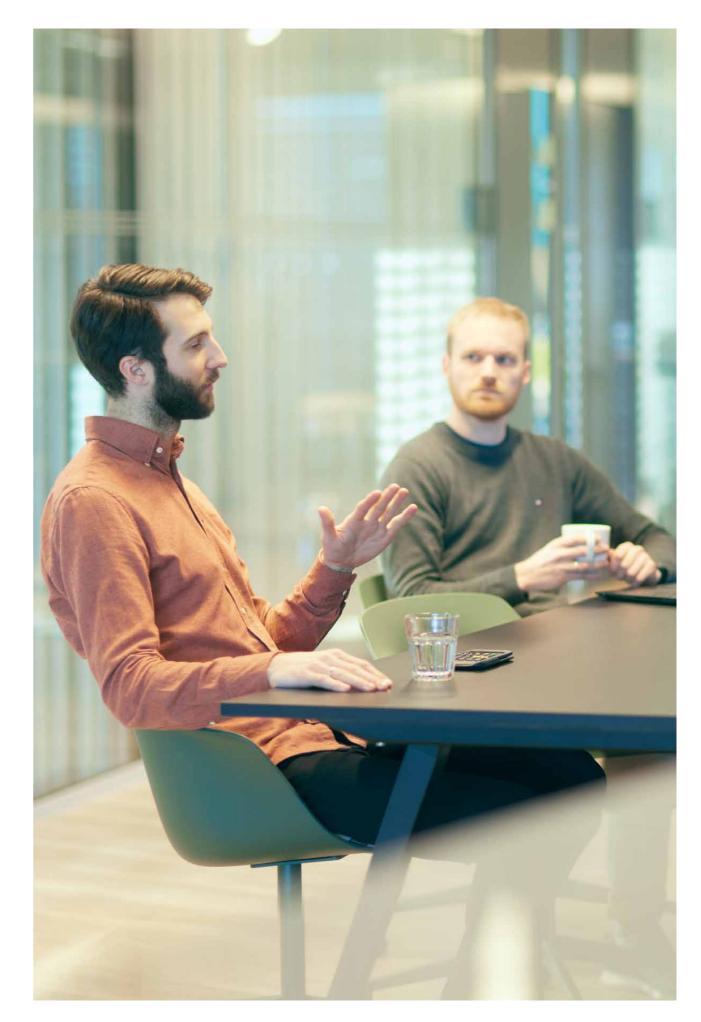
#### Fair value of investment property

Investment property is recognized at fair value on the year end date. As the Group collects external valuation semi-annualy for all investment property, the estimate only relates to the adjustment of the external valuation. These adjustments are made based on the remaining construction cost and risk considerations. Risk considerations are a discussion between management and engineers responsible for the respective investment. See also note 6.

### Impairment considerations regarding property, plant and equipment

#### Data centers and fiber networks

At the end of each reporting period the Group will assess whether there is any indication of impairment. Identification of impairment indicators is based on an assessment of development in market rates, earnings for the data centers and sale of fiber networks, opex, operating profit, technological development, change in regulations, interest rates and discount rate. If any indication exist, the Group will estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. Recoverable amount is set as the highest of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. If carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, impairment is recognised. Impairments are reversed in a later period if recoverable amount exceeds carrying amount. As per year end 2020 and 2021 no indicators for impairment were identified.



### Segment information

Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS has the following strategic operating segments by 31.12.21 presented in accordance with internal reporting to management

Operating activities are based in Norway, Denmark and the United Kingdom.

|   | Industria | al Real Estate | Data Cente | ers      | Fiber Networks |         | Group/oth | Group/other |         | Eliminated |           | Total   |  |
|---|-----------|----------------|------------|----------|----------------|---------|-----------|-------------|---------|------------|-----------|---------|--|
| (NOK '000)  | 2021      | 2020           | 2021       | 2020     | 2021           | 2020    | 2021      | 2020        | 2021    | 2020       | 2021      | 2020    |  |
|   |           |                |            |          |                |         |           |             |         |            |           |         |  |
| Rental income   | 83,342    | 45,405         | -          | -        | -              | -       | -         | -           | -       | -          | 83,342    | 45,405  |  |
| Revenue property sales  | 182,537   | 303,173        | -          | -        | -              | -       | -         | -           | -       | -          | 182,537   | 303,173 |  |
| Revenue from sales*   | -         | -              | 58,507     | 47,497   | 6,038          | 2,914   | -         | -           | -       | -          | 64,545    | 50,411  |  |
| Other revenue*  | 8,852     | 15,823         | 23,712     | 15,205   | 943            | -       | 60,777    | 43,569      | -59,035 | -42,156    | 35,248    | 32,442  |  |
| Total revenue and other income  | 274,731   | 364,402        | 82,219     | 62,703   | 6,981          | 2,914   | 60,777    | 43,569      | -59,035 | -42,156    | 365,673   | 431,432 |  |
|   |           |                |            |          |                |         |           |             |         |            |           |         |  |
| Property-related expenses   | 12,269    | 4,159          | -          | -        | -              | -       | -         | -           | -       | -          | 12,269    | 4,159   |  |
| Cost of property sales  | 173,883   | 261,575        | -          | -        | -              | -       | -         | -           | -       | -          | 173,883   | 261,575 |  |
| Cost of sales**   | -         | -              | 48,537     | 44,699   | 12,755         | 12,238  | -         | -           | -       | -          | 61,291    | 56,936  |  |
| Other cost**  | 46,637    | 29,829         | 155,092    | 119,713  | 54,586         | 26,407  | 60,077    | 40,087      | -59,035 | -42,156    | 257,356   | 173,881 |  |
| Total expenses  | 232,789   | 295,563        | 203,628    | 164,412  | 67,341         | 38,645  | 60,077    | 40,087      | -59,035 | -42,156    | 504,799   | 496,552 |  |
|   |           |                |            |          |                |         |           |             |         |            |           |         |  |
| Operating profit before fair value adjustments on investment properties | 41,942    | 68,838         | -121,410   | -101,710 | -60,360        | -35,731 | 701       | 3,482       | -       | -          | -139,127  | -65,120 |  |
| Fair value adjustments on investment properties                         | 1,352,819 | 217,655        | -          | -        | -              | -       | -         | -           | -       | -          | 1,352,819 | 217,655 |  |
| Operating profit  | 1,394,761 | 286,493        | -121,410   | -101,710 | -60,360        | -35,731 | 701       | 3,482       | -       | -          | 1,213,692 | 152,534 |  |
| Net financial items   | 14,276    | -37,316        | -11,389    | -29,722  | -8,297         | -15,765 | -5,299    | 19,093      |         | -          | -10,709   | -63,711 |  |
|   | 14,270    | -07,010        | -11,000    | -23,122  | -0,201         | -10,700 | -0,200    | 13,000      |         |            | -10,705   | -00,711 |  |
| Profit before income tax  | 1,409,037 | 249,177        | -132,798   | -131,432 | -68,657        | -51,496 | -4,598    | 22,575      | -       | -          | 1,202,983 | 88,824  |  |
| Income tax expense  | 307,719   | 41,369         | -22,634    | -22,054  | -14,245        | -10,952 | -3,831    | 4,544       | -       | -          | 267,009   | 12,907  |  |
| Profit for the year   | 1,101,318 | 207,808        | -110,164   | -109,378 | -54,412        | -40,545 | -768      | 18,031      | -       | -          | 935,974   | 75,916  |  |
| Other comprehensive income  | -1,082    | -              | -5,402     | 9,677    | 67             | 10      | -         | -           | -       | -          | -6,417    | 9,687   |  |
| Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax                     | -1,082    |                | -5,402     | 9,677    | 67             | 10      |           | -           |         |            | -6,417    | 9,687   |  |
|   | 1,002     |                | 0,402      | 0,017    |                | .0      |           |             |         |            | 0,411     | 0,001   |  |
| Total comprehensive income  | 1,100,236 | 207,808        | -115,567   | -99,701  | -54,345        | -40,535 | -768      | 18,031      | -       | -          | 929,556   | 85,604  |  |

\*Electricity income is reclassified from "Revenue from sales" to "Other revenue" in 2020 figures to align with 2021 presentation, which is deemed more appropriate for the nature of revenues. \*\*Electricity is reclassified from "Cost of sales" to "Other costs" in 2020 figures to align with 2021 presentation, which is deemed more appropriate for the nature of costs.

Please also see note 2 for further explanation of the segments

# Note 4 part 2

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Set out below is the disaggregation of the group's revenue from contracts with customers.

Operating activities are based in Norway, Denmark and United Kingdom

| Segments                                    | Industrial Rea | I Estate | Data Centers |        | Fiber Networks Group/other |       | er     | Eliminate | Total   |         |         |         |
|---|----------------|----------|--------------|--------|----------------------------|-------|--------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| (NOK '000)                                  | 2021           | 2020     | 2021         | 2020   | 2021                       | 2020  | 2021   | 2020      | 2021    | 2020    | 2021    | 2020    |
|   |                |          |              |        |                            |       |        |           |         |         |         |         |
| Rental income                               | 83,342         | 45,405   | -            | -      | -                          | -     | -      | -         | -       | -       | 83,342  | 45,405  |
| Revenue property sales                      | 182,537        | 303,173  | -            | -      | -                          | -     | -      | -         | -       | -       | 182,537 | 303,173 |
| Revenue from sales                          | -              | -        | 58,507       | 47,497 | 6,038                      | 2,914 | -      | -         | -       | -       | 64,545  | 50,411  |
| Other revenue                               |                |          |              |        |                            |       |        |           |         |         |         |         |
| - Shared costs tenants                      | 5,685          | 7,045    | 6,350        | 3,185  | -                          | -     | -      | -         | -       | -       | 12,035  | 10,230  |
| - Leasehold improvements                    | 3,166          | 8,778    | -            | -      | -                          | -     | -      | -         | -       | -       | 3,166   | 8,778   |
| - Electricity*                              | -              | -        | 16,293       | 12,021 | -                          | -     | -      | -         | -       | -       | 16,293  | 12,021  |
| - Business management/other                 | -              | -        | 1,069        | -      | 943                        | -     | 60,777 | 43,569    | -59,035 | -42,156 | 3,754   | 1,413   |
| Total revenue from contracts with customers | 274,731        | 364,402  | 82,219       | 62,703 | 6,981                      | 2,914 | 60,777 | 43,569    | -59,035 | -42,156 | 365,673 | 431,432 |

\*Electricity income is reclassified from "Revenue from sales" to "Other revenue" in 2020 figures to align with 2021 presentation, which is deemed more appropriate for the nature of revenues.

The group is not dependent on any single, large customer, as it has multiple business areas and a wide range of customers.



Vestby

### Note 4 part 3

#### Revenue from contracts with customers continues

| (NOK '000)           | 2021   | 2020   | 2019   |
|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Contract balances    |        |        |        |
| Trade receivables    | -      | -      | -      |
| Contract assets      | -      | -      | -      |
| Contract liabilities | 32 073 | 27 843 | 12 431 |

Contract liabilities include long-term advances related to IRU contracts in the fiber segment where the Group delivers dark fiber on fiber networks. The outstanding balances of these accounts increased in 2021 due to additional contract obligations on fiber IRU contracts.

The Group mainly operates with services which are subject to up-front payments. Rent in Industrial real estate is normally paid 3 months in advance. Customers in our Data centers are mostly contracted with monthly payments for the services. IRU contracts on fiber networks require up-front payment and the customer purchases the right to use the fiber for a specified amount of years. As such, there are no material trade receivables or contract assets related to contracts with customers recorded in the balance statement in 2021 or 2020. Refer also note 23, Credit risk.

|   | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|------|------|
| Amounts included in contract liabilities in the beginning of the year | 941  | 622  |
| Performance obligations satisfied in previous years                   | -    | -    |

### Note 5

#### **Rental income**

| (NOK '000)                                    | 2021   | 2020   |
|---|--------|--------|
| Recognized rental income                      |        |        |
| Recognized minimum rent from minimum payments | 83.342 | 45,405 |
| Recognized variable rent                      | -      | -      |
| Total income from rent                        | 83,342 | 45,405 |

#### Future minimum payments to be received under non-cancellable leases:

|               | 2021      | 2020    |
|---------------|-----------|---------|
| Within 1 year | 150,688   | 67,573  |
| During year 2 | 187,196   | 71,899  |
| During year 3 | 157,188   | 63,265  |
| During year 4 | 187,994   | 57,510  |
| During year 5 | 181,827   | 56,807  |
| After 5 years | 924,354   | 401,688 |
| Total         | 1,789,248 | 718,742 |

#### Carrying amount of assets leased under operating leases are as follow:

|                     | 2021      | 2020      |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                     |           |           |
| Investment property | 4,184,248 | 1,777,179 |
| Total               | 4,184,248 | 1,777,179 |

### Note 6

### Investment property and inventories property

| (NOK '000)   | 2021      | 2020      |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| nvestment property                                       |           |           |
| Fair value 1.1   | 1,777,179 | 1,005,171 |
| Additions:   |           |           |
| Capital expenditure                                      | 399,046   | 422,742   |
| Acquisition of property                                  | 693,965   | 148,211   |
| Minority share of acquisition of property*               | 18,702    | -         |
| Sale of property   | -         |           |
| Transferred to property under development                | -43,160   | -16,600   |
| Currency translation on property in foreign subsidiaries | -14,304   | -         |
| Changes in fair value                                    | 1,352,819 | 217,655   |
| Fair value 31.12   | 4,184,248 | 1,777,179 |

\*Minority interest purchased 49% of previously associated company.

| Income and expenses from investment property |  |
|--|--|
| Income from rent                             |  |

Other revenue - shared cost tenants Expenses related to leased property

Fair value of the Group's investment property is based on a valuation by a qualified independent valuer. The valuation is carried out twice a year.

| Overview over input used for valuation            |  |
|---|--|
| Valuation level                                   |  |
| Valuation model                                   |  |
| Fair value as of December 31 (NOK '000)           |  |
| Total sqm   |  |
| Current rent per sqm (range)                      |  |
| Current rent per sqm (average)                    |  |
| Remaining lease period actual contracts (range)   |  |
| Remaining lease period actual contracts (average) |  |
| Market rent per sqm (range)                       |  |
| Market rent per sqm (average)                     |  |
| Estimated CPI                                     |  |
| Actual vacancy                                    |  |
| Valuation yield/discount rate (range)             |  |
| Valuation yield/discount rate (average)           |  |
|   |  |

| 05 |
|----|
| 45 |
| 59 |
|    |

| 2021      | 2020      |
|-----------|-----------|
|           |           |
|           |           |
| 3         | 3         |
| DCF       | DCF       |
| 4,184,248 | 1,777,179 |
| 220,247   | 93,997    |
| 444-2060  | 469-1145  |
| 972       | 836       |
| 0,8-17,7  | 2,4-18,1  |
| 7,7       | 7,0       |
| 464-1602  | 427-1145  |
| 1,109     | 854       |
| 5,1 %     | 2,0 %     |
| 1,8%      | 23,0 %    |
| 4 % - 7 % | 5%-8%     |
| 4,60%     | 5,67%     |

All investment properties are valued using discounted cash flow. Key factors are ongoing revenue and expenses relating to the property, market lease, discount factor and inflation. Macro economic assumptions are used, but each property is also subject to individual appraisal. To determine each discount rate, the property location, attractiveness, quality and the general market conditions for real estate, credit market, solidity of tenants and contracts are considered. The sensitivity when evaluating fair value for investment property is connected to yield, interest rate level, inflation (CPI) and marked lease for the properties.

| Future leasing payments: | The payments are estimated based on actual location, type and condition of the current building.<br>The estimates are supported by existing leases, as well as recently lease agreements for similar<br>properties in the same area. |
|--------------------------|--|
| Discount rate:           | The discount rate is based on existing market rates, adjusted for the estimated uncertainty in terms of size and future cash flows.  |
| Estimated vacancies:     | The estimate is firmly set on the basis of the actual market conditions and the expected market conditions at the end of existing leases.  |
| Cost of Ownership:       | The cost of ownership expenses are estimated based on the estimated maintenance costs regarding<br>maintaining the building's capacity over its economic lifetime.   |

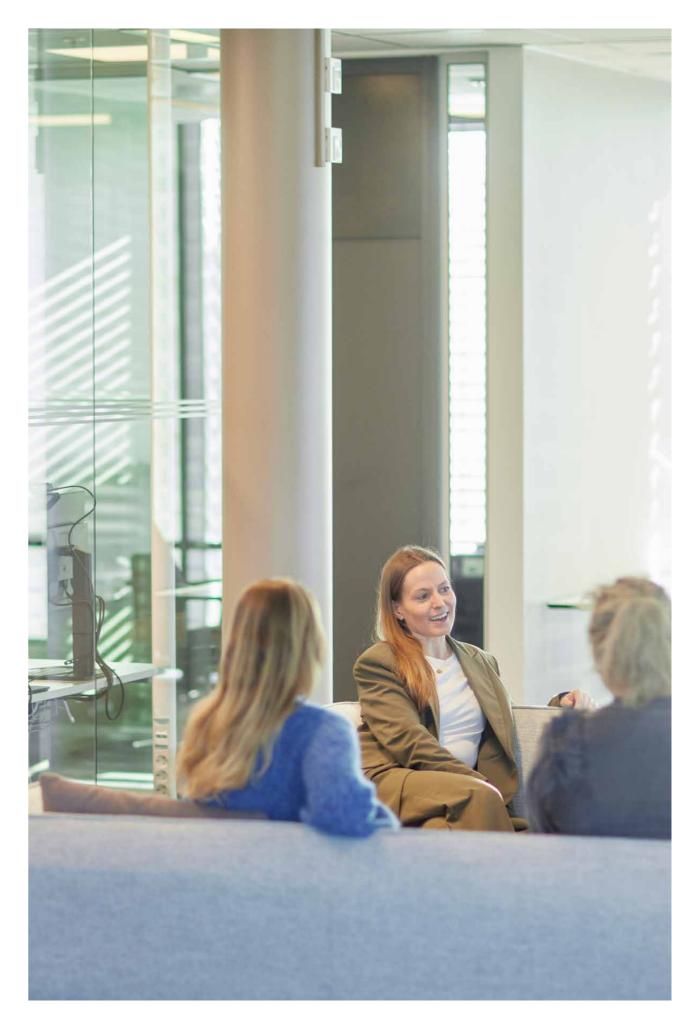
#### Fair value of investment property

Investment property is recognized at fair value based on estimation of value from an independent party, Akershus Eiendom AS.

The sensitivity of the fair value of investment properties are thus among others associated yield, interest rates, inflation (CPI) and the market rent for the properties. As indicated below are the separate effects of changes in these variables (amounts in NOK million):

|             |                      | Fair value change |      |
|-------------|----------------------|-------------------|------|
| Variables   | Changes in variables | +                 | -    |
|             |                      |                   |      |
| Yield       | +/- 0.25%            | -194              | 219  |
| Market rent | +/- 5%               | 129               | -127 |

| (NOK '000)                                     | 2021     | 2020     |
|--|----------|----------|
| Property under development                     |          |          |
| Value 1.1                                      | 19,599   | 209,519  |
| Additions:                                     |          |          |
| - Reclassification from invenstment property   | 43,160   | 16,600   |
| - Additions                                    | 112,181  | 55,055   |
| - Sale of inventory property under development | -174,939 | -261,575 |
| Inventory value 31.12                          | -        | 19,599   |



#### Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS Annual Report 2021

#### Other operating expenses

| (NOK '000)  | 2021    | 2020    |
|---|---------|---------|
| Administration costs  |         |         |
| Staff costs (see note 8)  | 90,371  | 65,089  |
| Depreciation (see note 13 and 14)                                     | 36,150  | 32,246  |
| Impairment (see note 13)  | 16,948  |         |
| Management, accounting, legal and consulting fees                     | 32,404  | 24,303  |
| Auditors  | 5,003   | 3,284   |
| Depreciation right-of-use assets                                      | 4,243   | 6,387   |
| Other operating expenses  | 72,238  | 25,902  |
| Total other operating expenses  | 257,356 | 157,210 |
| Audit fees  | 2021    | 2020    |
| Statutory audit (including technical assistance with reporting)       | 4,093   | 2,519   |
| Tax and other advice (including technical assistance with tax papers) | 910     | 764     |
| Total audit costs   | 5,003   | 3,284   |

The group recognised no operating expenses related to investment property that did not generate rental income in 2021.

### Note 8

#### **Employee benefit expense**

| (NOK '000)                                 | 2021    | 2020    |
|--|---------|---------|
| Salaries and remuneration                  | 86,662  | 65,077  |
| Social security costs                      | 11,503  | 9,309   |
| Pension cost for defined contribution plan | 1,936   | 1,564   |
| Other employee expenses                    | 3,746   | 5,466   |
| Capitalized wages                          | -13,476 | -16,327 |
| Total payroll costs                        | 90,371  | 65,089  |
|  | 56,571  |         |
| Number of employees at 31 December         | 70      | 5       |

Pursuant to the Norwegian Act on Mandatory Occupational Pension, Bulk Infrastructure Group AS, must operate certain pension plans. The company has plans which satify these requirements (a defined contribution plan for all employees).

### 52,66%

#### Remuneration of senior management and the Board of directors 2021

| Name                     | Title                              | Salary | Bonus | Pension | Board fee | Other benefits |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|-------|---------|-----------|----------------|
| Jon Gravråk              | CEO                                | 3,233  | 913   | 35      | -         | 151            |
| Gaute Krekling           | CFO                                | 2,106  | 182   | 35      | -         | 124            |
| Peder Nærbø              | Executive Chair                    | 2,758  | 2 669 | 35      | 150       | 80             |
| Torbjørn T. Moe          | Chief Business Development Officer | 2,484  | 413   | 35      | 150       | 144            |
| Nina Hage*               | EVP, Industrial Real Estate        | 1,042  | -     | 28      | -         | 8              |
| Gisle M. Eckhoff*        | EVP, Data Center                   | 833    | -     | 22      | -         | 4              |
| Inger Gløersen Folkeson* | COO, EVP Fiber Networks            | 721    | -     | 18      | -         | 41             |
| Lars O. Bustgaard        | Member of the board                | -      | -     | -       | 150       | -              |
| Even Bratsberg           | Member of the board                | -      | -     | -       | 150       | -              |
| Lars Erich Nilsen        | Member of the board                | -      | -     | -       | 150       | -              |
| John Anthony Carrafield  | Member of the board *              | -      | -     | -       | 150       | -              |
| Bent Oustad              | Deputy member of the board *       | -      | -     | -       | 150       | -              |
| Sebastian Rossavik       | Deputy member of the board *       | -      | -     | -       | 150       | -              |
| Total                    |                                    | 13,177 | 4,176 | 209     | 1,200     | 551            |

\*Nina Hage was employed 02.08.2021. Gisle M. Eckhoff was employed 01.09.2021. Inger Gløersen Folkeson was employed 16.08.2021.

#### Remuneration of senior management and the Board of directors 2020

| Name                    | Title                        |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Jon Gravråk             | CEO                          |
| Gaute Krekling          | CFO                          |
| Peder Nærbø             | Executive Chair              |
| Torbjørn T. Moe         | EVP Business Areas           |
| Lars O. Bustgaard       | Member of the board          |
| Even Bratsberg          | Member of the board          |
| Lars Erich Nilsen       | Member of the board          |
| John Anthony Carrafield | Member of the board *        |
| Bent Oustad             | Deputy member of the board * |
| Sebastian Rossavik      | Deputy member of the board * |
| Total                   |                              |

\* From December 2020

In the event of resignation, the CEO, CFO and the EVPs are entitled to 6 months of salary.

#### Shares held by executive officers and directors

The following board members and chief executives have indirect ownership in Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS:

| Peder Nærbø     | Executive Chair |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Torbjørn T. Moe | Board member    |

CEO Jon Gravråk and CFO Gaute Krekling have ownership of 3% and 0,75%, respectively, of Klub Bulk AS, which indirectly owns 3,69% of the total number of shares in Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS.

Mangement has shares in Klub Bulk AS. There is an agreement in place regarding future repurchase of shares in Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS at market price. The agreement runs over 5 years, of which 3 years remain.

| Salary | Bonus | Pension | Board fee | Other benefits |
|--------|-------|---------|-----------|----------------|
| 3,143  | -     | 40      | -         | 138            |
| 1,798  | 21    | 39      | -         | 110            |
| 2,754  | 250   | 44      | -         | 125            |
| 2,431  | 427   | 44      | -         | 130            |
| -      | -     | -       | 125       | -              |
| -      | -     | -       | 125       | -              |
| -      | -     | -       | 125       | -              |
| -      | -     | -       | -         | -              |
| -      | -     | -       | 125       | -              |
| -      | -     | -       | -         | -              |
| 10,126 | 698   | 167     | 500       | 503            |

| Ownership | Capital ratio |
|-----------|---------------|
| 52,7%     | 52,7%         |
| 3,7%      | 3,7%          |

#### Joint venture and associated companies

| (NOK '000)                   | Foundation /<br>Acquisition<br>date | Country | Office location | Owner-<br>ship | Book<br>value 1.1 | Share<br>issues /<br>dividends | Share of<br>net profit<br>after tax | Book<br>value<br>31.12 |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Associated companies 202     | 21                                  |         |                 |                |                   |                                |                                     |                        |
| OS-IX Eiendom Holding AS*    | 11/20/2015                          | Norway  | Oslo            | 50%            | 118,717           | -                              | -1,356                              | 117,361                |
| AE Bulk Co-Invest AS         | 11/2/2016                           | Norway  | Oslo            | 50%            | 19,817            | -650                           | 18,449                              | 37,616                 |
| Bulk Park Enebakk AS**       | 7/6/2020                            | Norway  | Oslo            | 50%            | 108,506           | -34,445                        | 60,174                              | 134,235                |
| Total                        |                                     |         |                 |                | 247,040           | -35,095                        | 77,267                              | 289,212                |
| Figures on 100% basis in acc | ordance with NGA                    | AP      |                 | Assets         | Liabilities       | Equity                         | Total income                        | Net Profit             |
|                              |                                     |         |                 | A33013         | Liabilities       | Equity                         | Total medine                        | Net i font             |
| Company                      |                                     |         |                 |                |                   |                                |                                     |                        |
| OS-IX Eiendom Holding AS     | -Parent company                     | only    |                 | 360,539        | 10,088            | 350,451                        | -                                   | 436                    |
| AE Bulk Co-Invest AS         | -Parent company                     | only    |                 | 28,829         | -                 | 28,829                         | -                                   | 9,290                  |
| Bulk Park Enebakk AS         | -Parent company                     | only    |                 | 314,924        | 156,443           | 158,480                        | -                                   | -5,431                 |
| Total                        |                                     |         |                 | 704,292        | 166,532           | 537,760                        | -                                   | 4,296                  |

\*Refer note 28 for additional information on associated companies regarding changes in ownership.

\*\*A demerger was performed in Bulk Park Enebakk AS resulting in the establishement of a new company where Bulk Industrial Real Estate AS has the controlling ownership share. Refer note 15 for further information.

| (NOK '000)                   | Foundation /<br>Acquisition<br>date | Country | Office<br>location | Owner-<br>ship | Book<br>value 1.1 | Share<br>issues /<br>dividends | Share of<br>net profit<br>after tax | Book<br>value<br>31.12 |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Associated companies 202     | 0                                   |         |                    |                |                   |                                |                                     |                        |
| OS-IX Eiendom Holding AS     | 11/20/2015                          | Norway  | Oslo               | 50%            | 132,666           | -                              | -13,949                             | 118,717                |
| AE Bulk Co-Invest AS         | 11/2/2016                           | Norway  | Oslo               | 50%            | 15,093            | -1,350                         | 6,074                               | 19,817                 |
| Bulk Park Enebakk AS         | 7/6/2020                            | Norway  | Oslo               | 50%            | -                 | 108,506                        | -                                   | 108,506                |
| Total                        |                                     |         |                    |                | 147,758           | 107,156                        | -7,875                              | 247,040                |
| Figures on 100% basis in acc | cordance with NGA                   | AP      |                    | Assets         | Liabilities       | Equity                         | Total income                        | Net Profit             |
| Company                      |                                     |         |                    |                |                   |                                |                                     |                        |
| OS-IX Eiendom Holding AS     | -Parent company                     | only    |                    | 352,169        | 1,147             | 351,022                        | -                                   | 887                    |
| AE Bulk Co-Invest AS         | -Parent company                     | only    |                    | 20,927         | 88                | 20,839                         | -                                   | 1,117                  |
| Bulk Park Enebakk AS         | -Parent company                     | only    |                    | 373,875        | 160,543           | 213,332                        | -                                   | 240                    |
| Total                        |                                     |         |                    | 746,971        | 161,778           | 585,193                        | -                                   | 2,243                  |

| (NOK '000)  |                  | 2021    | 202                     |
|---|------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Income statement:   |                  |         |                         |
| Total income  |                  | 56,382  | 46,98                   |
| Total expenses  |                  | 53,767  | 65,09                   |
| Operating profit  |                  | 2,615   | -18,11                  |
| Net financial items   |                  | -6,092  | -17,73                  |
| Profit before income tax  |                  | -3,477  | -35,84                  |
| Income tax expense  |                  | -765    | -7,94                   |
| Profit for the year   |                  | -2,712  | -27,89                  |
| Balance sheet:  |                  |         |                         |
| Assets  |                  |         |                         |
| Non-current assets  |                  | 553,530 | 498,13                  |
| Current assets  |                  | 29,562  | 34,48                   |
| - Cash and cash equivalents   |                  | 12,962  | 27,87                   |
| Total assets  |                  | 583,092 | 532,62                  |
| Equity and liabilities  |                  |         |                         |
| Equity  |                  | 233,643 | 225,89                  |
| Current liabilities   |                  | 49,449  | 34,46                   |
| - current financial liabilities other than accounts payable and provisi     | ons              | 31,589  | 20,61                   |
| Non-current liabilities   |                  | 300,000 | 272,26                  |
| Total Equity and liabilities  |                  | 583,092 | 532,62                  |
| Reconciliation of carrying amount   |                  |         |                         |
|   | Shareholding (%) | 2021    | 202                     |
| Net assets<br>Group's shareholding in the company                           | 100%             | 233,643 | 225,89                  |
| Group's shareholding in the company Carrying amount of Group's shareholding | 50%              | 116,821 | 112,94<br><b>112,94</b> |
|   | 50%              | 116,821 | 112,94                  |

# Summary of financial information in the consolidated financial statement of AE- Bulk Co-Invest AS on 100% basis in accordance with IFRS

| (NOK '000)  |                  | 2021   | 2020   |
|---|------------------|--------|--------|
|   |                  |        |        |
| Income statement:   |                  |        |        |
| Total income  |                  | -      | -      |
| Total expenses  |                  | 141    | 223    |
| Operating profit  |                  | -141   | -223   |
| Net financial items   |                  | 37,039 | 12,372 |
| Profit before income tax                                      |                  | 36,897 | 12,149 |
| Income tax expense  |                  | -      |        |
| Profit for the year   |                  | 36,897 | 12,149 |
| Balance sheet:  |                  |        |        |
| Assets  |                  |        |        |
| Non-current assets  |                  | 20,777 | 41,433 |
| Current assets  |                  | 28,829 | 271    |
| - Cash and cash equivalents                                   |                  | 28,829 | 271    |
| Total assets  |                  | 49,607 | 41,704 |
| Equity and liabilities  |                  |        |        |
| Equity  |                  | 49,607 | 41,616 |
| Current liabilities   |                  | -      | 88     |
| - current financial liabilities other that accounts payable a | nd provisions    | -      |        |
| - non-current financial liabilities other then accounts payab |                  | -      | -      |
| Total Equity and liabilities                                  |                  | 49,607 | 41,704 |
|   |                  |        |        |
| Reconciliation of carrying amount                             |                  |        |        |
|   | Shareholding (%) | 2021   | 2020   |
| Net assets  | 100%             | 49,607 | 41,616 |
| Group's shareholding in the company                           | 50%              | 24,803 | 20,808 |
| Carrying amount of Group's shareholding                       | 50%              | 24,803 | 20,808 |

# Summary of financial information in the consolidated financial statement of Bulk Park Enebakk AS on 100% basis in accordance with IFRS

| (NOK '000)  |                  | 2021              | 2020         |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Income statement:   |                  |                   |              |
| Total income  |                  | 2,303             |              |
| Total expenses  |                  | 1,265             |              |
| Operating profit before fair value adjustments on investm         | ent properties   | 1,037             |              |
| Fair value adjustments on investment properties                   |                  | 163,353           |              |
| Operating profit  |                  | 164,390           |              |
| Net financial items   |                  | -10,098           | 12,372       |
| Profit before income tax  |                  | 154,292           | 12,372       |
| Income tax expense  |                  | -33,944           |              |
| Balance sheet:  |                  |                   |              |
|   |                  |                   |              |
| Assets<br>Non-current assets                                      |                  | 429.064           | 44 40        |
| Current assets  |                  | 438,264<br>30,696 | 41,433<br>27 |
| - Cash and cash equivalents                                       |                  | 14,184            | 27           |
| Total assets  |                  | 468,960           | 41,704       |
| Equity and liabilities  |                  |                   |              |
| Equity  |                  | 236,161           | 41,610       |
| Current liabilities   |                  | 6,430             | 88           |
| - current financial liabilities other that accounts payable and p | provisions       | 6,158             |              |
| Non-current liabilities   |                  | 226,369           |              |
| Total Equity and liabilities                                      |                  | 468,960           | 41,704       |
| Reconciliation of carrying amount                                 |                  |                   |              |
|   | Shareholding (%) | 2021              | 2020         |
| Net assets  | 100%             | 236,161           | 41,616       |
| Group's shareholding in the company                               | 50%              | 118,081           | 20,808       |
| Carrying amount of Group's shareholding                           | 50%              | 118,081           | 20           |

#### Financial income and costs

| (NOK '000)   | 2021   | 2020   |
|--|--------|--------|
| Share of profit/loss(-) of investments accounted for using the equity method | 77,267 | -7,875 |
| Finance income   |        |        |
| Interest income  | 1,052  | 3,721  |
| Currency gain  | 16,589 | 8,606  |
| Other finance income   | 842    | 152    |
| Total finance income   | 18,484 | 12,479 |
|  |        |        |

|   | 0004    | 0000    |
|---|---------|---------|
|   | 2021    | 2020    |
|   |         |         |
| Finance costs   |         |         |
| Interest expense on borrowings measured at amortised cost | 74,541  | 44,252  |
| Finance expense on derivatives                            | 2,711   | 1,466   |
| Currency loss   | 31,311  | 13,511  |
| Other finance costs                                       | 2,797   | 6,151   |
| Total finance costs                                       | 111,360 | 65,380  |
|   |         |         |
| Net financial items                                       | -15,610 | -60,776 |

Net gains / losses on financial assets / liabilities valued at fair value

|   | 2021  | 2020   |
|---|-------|--------|
|   |       |        |
| Derivatives                                     |       |        |
| Fair value adjustments on derivatives           | 4,901 | -2,935 |
| Net gain on financial instruments at fair value | 4,901 | -2,935 |

### Note 11

#### Tax

| (NOK '000)                            | Loss carried<br>forward | Investment<br>property | Financial derivatives | Profit<br>and loss<br>account | Other<br>items | Total<br>deferred tax/<br>(-)tax assets |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Changes in deferred tax.(-)tax assets |                         |                        |                       |                               |                |   |
| 01.01.2020                            | -101,485                | 95,950                 | -2,562                | -                             | 1,454          | -6,644                                  |
| Changes in deferred tax               | -38,670                 | 51,476                 | -646                  | -                             | 4,372          | 16,532                                  |
|                                       | -140.155                | 147.425                | -3.208                |                               | 5,825          | 9,887                                   |

|  | Loss carried<br>forward | Investment<br>property | Financial derivatives | Profit<br>and loss<br>account | Other<br>items | Total<br>deferred tax.<br>(-)tax assets |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Changes in deferred tax.(-)tax assets      |                         |                        |                       |                               |                |   |
| 1.1.2021                                   | -140 155                | 147,425                | -3,208                | -                             | 5,825          | 9,887                                   |
| Changes in deferred tax                    | -34 848                 | 307 176                | 1,078                 | -                             | -6,398         | 267,009                                 |
| Change related to purchased/sold companies | 135                     | 13,290                 |                       |                               |                | 13,425                                  |
| 31.12.2021                                 | -174,868                | 467,891                | -2,130                | -                             | -572           | 290,321                                 |

| Reconciliation net recognized deferred tax .(-)tax assets   |
|---|
| 01.01.  |
| Change related to sold companies                            |
| Deferred tax expense (income) recognized in profit and loss |
| Net recognized deferred tax liability 31.12                 |
|   |

Current income tax liabilities

Current income tax Change in prior years

Total current income tax liabilities

Loss carried forward No expiring date Total loss carried forward

There is no deferred tax recognized in comprehensive income.

| 31.12.2021 | 31.12.2020 |
|------------|------------|
|            |            |
| 9,887      | -6,644     |
| 13,425     | -          |
| 267,009    | 16,532     |
| 290,321    | 9,887      |

| 31.12.2021 | 31.12.2020 |
|------------|------------|
|            |            |
| -          | -          |
| -          | -          |
| -          | -          |
|            |            |

| 31.12.2021 | 31.12.2020 |
|------------|------------|
|            |            |
| 704 955    | 627.070    |
| -794,855   | -637,070   |
| -794,855   | -637,070   |

| (NOK '000)  | 2021      | 2020    |
|---|-----------|---------|
| Income tax  |           |         |
| Tax payable                                       |           | -       |
| Change in deferred tax                            | -40,167   | -38,438 |
| Change in deferred tax due to Investment Property | 307,176   | 51,476  |
| Income tax expense                                | 267,009   | 13,037  |
| Profit before income tax                          | 1,202,983 | 89,446  |
| Income tax expense calculated at 22 %             | 264,656   | 19,678  |
| Permanent differences                             | 101,470   | 43,635  |
| Non taxable revenue                               | -99,118   | -50,276 |
| Income tax expense                                | 267,009   | 13,037  |
| Effective tax rate                                | 22,2%     | 14,6 %  |

#### Goodwill and impairment

Impairment testing for cash-generating units containing goodwill

At the beginning of the year, Goodwill is included in the balance sheet with a total amount of NOK 16 947 796.

The Goodwill originates from 2016 with the acquisition of Data Center Technology AS (DCT AS). DCT AS with subsidiary constitutes a cash generating unit (CGU). An annual impairment test is performed for this CGU.

#### Cash flow projections and assumptions

The model was based on a 5 year forecast of discounted cash flow plus a terminal value (calculated by Gordon's model). The net discounted cash flows were calculated before tax. The NPVmodel included the following assumptions:

The estimated cash flows included in the impairment test includes a five years projection based on the long term business plan. Estimated cash flow projections beyond the period covered by the most recent long term business plan are derived by extrapolating the projections based on the forecasts using a growth rate of 2.5 % for subsequent years.

#### Discount rate assumptions

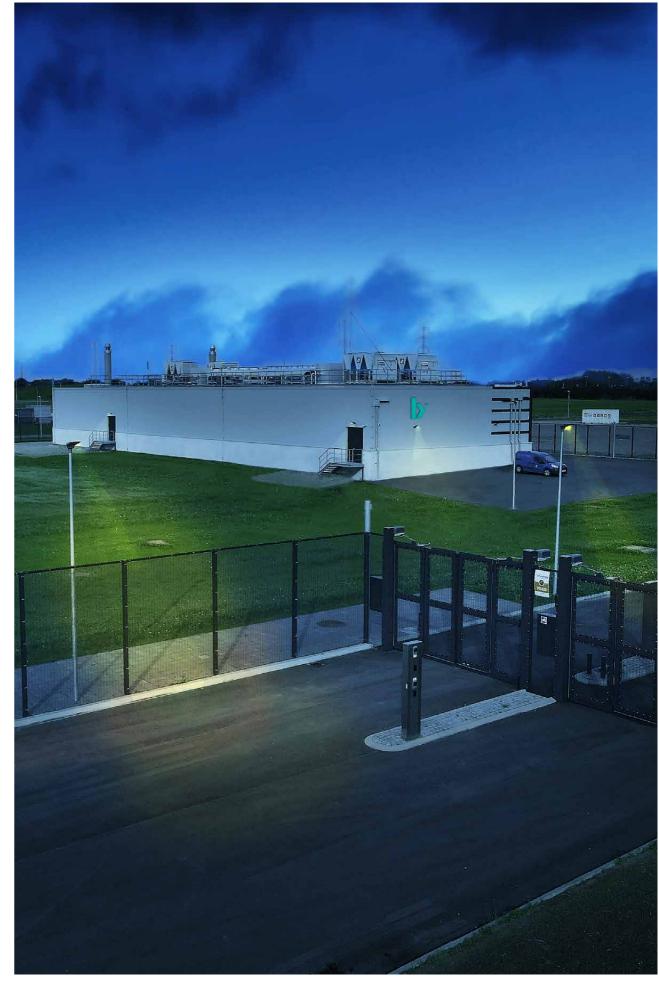
The required rate of return was calculated by use of the WACC methodology. The imput data of the WACC was chosen by individual assessment of each parameter. Information from representative sources, peer groups etc. was used to determine the best estimate. The WACC was calculated to 8.2% after tax. The following parameteres were applied:

- Risk free rate: 1.72 %. Based market rate for covered bonds.
- Beta: 1.00 Based on unlevered beta for industy peer group.
- Market Risk Premium: 5 % (post tax). Based on market sources
- Cost of debt: 3.0% Based on risk free rate plus risk component
- Capital structure: Based on the industry average (comparable companies) equity ratio of 10%.

#### Impairment - test result and conclusion

The value of DCT AS is below the carrying amount. The cashflow is negative due to changes in the structure in the DC segment. The value is transferred to the units of data centers, and assumed to generate value here instead of in DCT. Further, the value and cashflow is no longer possible to trace and isolate to the acquired company. As such, we have decided to recognize a full impariment of the goodwill.

Refer also note 13.



DK01 Campus in Esbjerg, Denmark

### Intangible assets

| (NOK '000)                              | Goodwill | Software<br>licenses | Other intangible<br>assets | Total  |
|---|----------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------|
| Cost                                    |          |                      |                            |        |
|   | 16,948   | 1,857                | 3,159                      | 21,964 |
| Balance at January 1, 2020              | 10,940   | 38                   | 536                        | 21,904 |
| Additions                               | -        | 38                   | 530                        | 5/4    |
| Balance at December 31, 2020            | 16,948   | 1,895                | 3,695                      | 22,538 |
| Balance at January 1, 2021              | 16,948   | 1,895                | 3.695                      | 22,538 |
| Additions                               | 10,040   | 1,000                | 2                          | 22,000 |
| Reclassification to PPE                 | _        | _                    | -2,644                     | -2,644 |
|   | -        | -                    | -2,044                     | -2,044 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021            | 16,948   | 1,895                | 1,053                      | 19,896 |
| Accumulated amortization and impairment |          |                      |                            |        |
| Balance at January 1, 2020              | -        | 640                  | -                          | 640    |
| Amortization charge for the year        | -        | 373                  | 49                         | 422    |
| Balance at December 31, 2020            | -        | 1,013                | 49                         | 1,062  |
| Balance at January 1, 2021              | -        | 1,013                | 49                         | 1,062  |
| Amortization charge for the year        | -        | 367                  | 74                         | 441    |
| Impairment                              | 16,948   | -                    | -                          | 16,948 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021            | 16,948   | 1,380                | 123                        | 18,451 |
| Net book value                          |          |                      |                            |        |
| At January 1, 2020                      | 16,948   | 1,216                | 3,159                      | 21,324 |
| At December 31, 2020                    | 16,948   | 882                  | 3,646                      | 21,475 |
| At December 31, 2021                    | -        | 515                  | 930                        | 1,445  |

Current estimates of useful economic live of intangible assets are as follows:

Goodwill: indefinite Software licenses: 3-5 years Software under development: n.a.

### Note 14

### Property, plant & Equipment

| (NOK '000)                              | Datacenter<br>buildings | Datacenter<br>technical<br>infrastructure | Datacenter<br>land | Under<br>con-<br>struction | Other<br>fixed<br>assets | Fiber<br>infra-<br>structure | Tota      |
|---|-------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Accumulated cost                        |                         |   |                    |                            |                          |                              |           |
| Balance at January 1, 2020              | 66,737                  | 165,906                                   | 95,533             | 238,317                    | 21,836                   | 599 512                      | 1,187,841 |
| Additions                               | 7,796                   | 58,241                                    | 7,771              | 20,447                     | 1,109                    | 170,623                      | 265,988   |
| Disposals                               |                         |   | -                  | 20,777                     | 1,100                    | 170,020                      | 200,000   |
| Other adjustments - VAT                 | 9,357                   | 393                                       | 479                | 126                        | _                        | -                            | 10,355    |
| Transfer from assets under construction | 131,723                 | 94,156                                    | 7,109              | -232,988                   | -                        | -                            |           |
| Balance at December 31, 2020            | 215,612                 | 318,696                                   | 110,893            | 25,902                     | 22,945                   | 770,135                      | 1,464,184 |
|   |                         |   |                    |                            |                          |                              |           |
| Balance at January 1, 2021              | 215,612                 | 318,696                                   | 110,893            | 25,902                     | 22,945                   | 770,135                      | 1,464,184 |
| Additions                               | 4,013                   | 112,533                                   | 11,871             | 39,047                     | 2,782                    | 151,026                      | 321,273   |
| Disposals                               | -                       | -   | -                  | -                          | -                        | -206,074                     | -206,074  |
| Other adjustments - currency            | -6,414                  | -371                                      | -208               | -368                       | -                        | -428                         | -7,789    |
| Reclassification from intangible assets | -                       | -   | -                  | 2,644                      | -                        | -                            | 2,644     |
| Reclassification to ROU asset*          | -                       | -   | -                  | -                          | -                        | -136,434                     | -136,434  |
| Balance at December 31, 2021            | 213,212                 | 430,859                                   | 122,556            | 67,224                     | 25,727                   | 578,227                      | 1,437,804 |
| As a sum data data wa sistia n          |                         |   |                    |                            |                          |                              |           |
| Accumulated depreciation                | 0.000                   | 07 404                                    | 4 000              |                            | 7 700                    | 0.040                        | 40 500    |
| Balance at January 1, 2020              | 6,886                   | 27,421                                    | 1,330              | -                          | 7,736                    | 3,219                        | 46,592    |
| Depreciation charge for the year        | 3,873                   | 17,876                                    | 1,020              | -                          | 4,812                    | 4,242                        | 31,824    |
| Other adjustments - currency            | -823                    | -3,467                                    | -180               | -                          | -                        | -                            | -4,470    |
| Balance at December 31, 2020            | 9,935                   | 41,831                                    | 2,170              | -                          | 12,549                   | 7,461                        | 73,940    |
| Balance at January 1, 2021              | 9,935                   | 41,831                                    | 2,170              | -                          | 12,549                   | 7,461                        | 73,946    |
| Depreciation charge for the year        | 8,129                   | 14,753                                    | 866                | -                          | 3,212                    | 8,749                        | 35,709    |
| Other adjustments - currency            | -126                    | -393                                      | -21                | -                          |                          | -                            | -540      |
| Balance at December 31, 2021            | 17,939                  | 56,191                                    | 3,015              | -                          | 15,761                   | 16,210                       | 109,114   |
| Net book value                          |                         |   |                    |                            |                          |                              |           |
| At January 1, 2020                      | 59,851                  | 138,485                                   | 94,203             | 238,317                    | 14,100                   | 596 293                      | 1,141,249 |
| At oundary 1, 2020                      | 00,001                  | 100,400                                   | 54,200             | 200,017                    | 14,100                   | 000,200                      | 1,141,240 |
| At December 31, 2020                    | 205,678                 | 276,865                                   | 108,723            | 25,902                     | 10,396                   | 762,674                      | 1,390,238 |
| At January 1, 2021                      | 205,678                 | 276,865                                   | 108,723            | 25,902                     | 10,396                   | 762,674                      | 1,390,238 |
| At December 31, 2021                    | 195,273                 | 374,668                                   | 119,542            | 67,224                     | 9,966                    | 562,017                      | 1 328,690 |
| Expected useful economic life           | 50 years                | 5-35 years                                | -                  | -                          | 4-10 years               | 20-30 years                  |           |

All property, plant and equipment is located in Norway and Denmark. The Group is contractually bound to acquire substantial additional fiber networks property, plant & equipment.

\*Part of the terrestrial fiber infrastructure that is leased, has been reclassified to Right-of-use asset in accordance with IFRS 16.

#### Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies

| Subsidiaries:                       | Office location     | Vote Ownership 31.1 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Bulk Infrastructure Group AS        | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Industrial Real Estate AS      | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Eiendom Farex AS               | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Lindeberg II AS                | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Lindeberg V AS                 | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Lindeberg VI AS                | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Gardermoen IV AS               | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Vinterbro II AS                | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Eiendom Vestby AS              | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Eiendom Vestby II AS           | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Vestby I AS                    | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Marina AS                      | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Berger IV AS                   | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Forus AS                       | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Eiendom Solgaard Skog AS       | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| _ogibulk I AS                       | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Ormlia AS                      | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Hofstad Næring 5 AS                 | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Hofstad Næring 10 AS                | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Industrial Real Estate ApS     | Copenhagen, Denmark | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Jernholmen ApS                 | Copenhagen, Denmark | 100,0 9             |
| STC Logistics Denmark AS            | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Logistik Terminal Køge ApS          | Copenhagen, Denmark | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Lindeberg VII AS               | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Lindeberg IX AS                | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Vestby Nord AS                 | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Langhus AS                     | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Snipetjernveien 3 AS                | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Danebuåsen AS                  | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Enebakk AS                     | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Landskaugveien AS              | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Vestby II AS*                  | Oslo                | 51,0 9              |
| Bulk Park Enebakk II AS**           | Oslo                | 51,0 %              |
| Bulk Data Centers AS                | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| N01 Services AS                     | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| N01 Utilities AS                    | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| N01 Real Estate AS                  | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| N01 Power AS                        | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Facility Services AS           | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Oslo Internet Exchange AS           | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| DK01 ApS                            | Esbjerg, Denmark    | 100,0 %             |
| Bulk Innovation AS                  | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Data Center Technology AS           | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Data Center Services AS             | Oslo                | 100,0 %             |
| Norway as a Service AS              | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Infrastructure UK Ltd          | London, UK          | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Fiber Networks AS              | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Electric City-Link Norway AS        | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Dptibulk Skagerak AS                | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Dptibulk Havfrue AS                 | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Fiber Networks Denmark ApS     | Copenhagen, Denmark | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Fiber Networks UK Ltd          | London, UK          | 100,0 9             |
| nfragreen Communications AS         | Oslo                | 100,0 9             |
| Bulk Fiber Networks Ireland Limited | Dublin, Ireland     | 100,0 9             |
| Associated companies                |                     |                     |
| OS-IX Eiendom Holding AS            | Oslo                | 50,0 %              |
| AE Bulk Co-Invest AS                | Oslo                | 50,0 9              |
| Bulk Park Enebakk AS                | Oslo                | 50,0 9              |

\*The establishement of Bulk Vestby II AS was the result of a demerger from another subsidiary, of which Bulk sold 49% to a minority interest.

\*\*Bulk Park Enebakk II AS was demerged from associated company Bulk Park Enebakk AS, where Bulk Industrial Real Estate had 50 % ownership. A minority interest aquired 49% in the new company, while Bulk Industrial Real Estate AS aquired additional 1% of the shares and gained controlling ownership.

### Note 16

#### **Financial assets and liabilities**

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities included in the financial statements.

| (NOK '000)   | Carrying amount<br>as at 31.12.2021 | Fair value<br>as at 31.12.2021 | Carrying amount<br>as at 31.12.2020 | Fair valu<br>as at 31.12.202 |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
|  | us ut 01.12.2021                    | 45 41 01.12.2021               | us ut 01.12.2020                    | us ut 01.12.202              |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit of               | or loss                             |                                |                                     |                              |
| Interest rate swaps  | 1,139                               | 1,139                          | -                                   |                              |
| Total financial assets at fair value                           | 1,139                               | 1,139                          | -                                   |                              |
| Financial assets at amortised cost                             |                                     |                                |                                     |                              |
| Receivable from related party                                  | 10,396                              | 10,396                         | -                                   |                              |
| Other receivables  | 12,616                              | 12,616                         | 3,491                               | 3,49                         |
| Investment in shares - non-current                             | 1,249                               | 1,249                          | 1,249                               | 1,24                         |
| Trade and other receivables                                    | 154,621                             | 154,621                        | 127,704                             | 127,70                       |
| Total loans and receivables                                    | 178,882                             | 178,882                        | 132,444                             | 132,44                       |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                      | 696,325                             | 696,325                        | 82,448                              | 82,44                        |
| Total financial assets   | 876,347                             | 876,347                        | 214,892                             | 214,89                       |
| Total current  | 850,947                             | 850,947                        | 210,152                             | 210,1                        |
| Total non-current  | 25,400                              | 25,400                         | 4,741                               | 4,74                         |
|  | Carrying amount                     | Fair value                     | Carrying amount                     | Fair valu                    |
| (NOK '000)   | as at 31.12.2021                    | as at 31.12.2021               | as at 31.12.2020                    | as at 31.12.202              |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through prot               |                                     |                                |                                     |                              |
| Interest rate swaps  | 10,819                              | 10,819                         | 14,581                              | 14,58                        |
| Total financial liabilities at fair value                      | 10,819                              | 10,819                         | 14,581                              | 14,58                        |
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost                        | 000.050                             | 000.050                        | 000.005                             | 000.00                       |
| Bond loan  | 969,350                             | 969,350                        | 966,205                             | 966,20                       |
| Borrowings   | 1,081,665                           | 1,081,665                      | 364,500                             | 364,50                       |
| Short-term portion of borrowings                               | 140,618                             | 140,618                        | 259,385                             | 259,3                        |
| Other long-term liabilities                                    | 33,634                              | 33,634                         | 48,000                              | 48,00                        |
| Trade payables   | 75,143                              | 75,143                         | 103,414                             | 103,4                        |
| Other payables * Total financial liabilities at amortised cost | 100,056<br><b>2,400,467</b>         | 100,056<br><b>2,400,467</b>    | 114,654<br><b>1,856,158</b>         | 114,6<br>1,856,1             |
|  | 2,400,407                           | 2,400,407                      | 1,000,100                           | 1,050,1                      |
| Total financial liabilities                                    | 2,411,287                           | 2,411,287                      | 1,870,739                           | 1,870,7                      |
| <b>-</b> · · · ·   | 317,096                             | 317,096                        | 479,133                             | 479,1                        |
| Total current  |                                     |                                |                                     |                              |

\*Other payables presented in 2020 has been altered to align with 2021 presentation.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

For trade receivables, trade payables and other short-term receivables and payables, the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation for fair value due to the short term nature of these assets and liabilities. The borrowings has an interest rate that is considered similar to the terms the Group could achieve as of December 31, 2021 and carrying amount of the borrowings is considered not to be significantly different from the fair value. Fair value of derivatives are based on mark to market reports received from banks.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The Group uses financial hierarchy under IFRS 13 for determining and disclosing the fair value fof financial instruments by valuation techniques. Below table presents fair value measurement to the Group's assets and liabilities at December 31, 2021.

| December 31, 2021  | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total  |
|--|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| Assets   |         |         |         |        |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss      |         |         |         |        |
| Interest rate swaps  |         | 1,139   |         | 1,139  |
| December 31, 2021  | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total  |
| Liabilities  |         |         |         |        |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss |         |         |         |        |
| Interest rate swaps  |         | 10,819  |         | 10,819 |
| December 31, 2021  | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total  |
| Liabilities  |         |         |         |        |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss |         |         |         |        |
| Interest rate swaps  |         | 14,581  |         | 14,581 |

The fair value of financial instruments traded in an active market is based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities at the balance sheet date and are included in level 1. For Bulk this category is not relevant as of period close.

Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, are level 2 inputs. For Bulk this will typically apply for interest rate swaps, which are over-the-counter derivatives.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are applied when relevant observable inputs are not available. The fair values presented in this category are mainly based on internal assumptions. There were no transfers between any of the levels during the reporting period.



### Note 17

### Options, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

The Group has options to acquire land on certain terms and conditions, both zoned and unzoned. The group is not obliged to exercise any of the options.

### Note 18

#### Group as a lessee (IFRS 16 disclosure)

| Right of use assets (NOK '000) | Seafiber | Office<br>equipment | Land and<br>buildings | Terrestrial<br>fiber | Total   |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------|
| Balance at 01 January          | 21,387   | 231                 | 9,979                 | -                    | 31,597  |
| Depreciations                  | 1,510    | 146                 | 2,588                 | -                    | 4,243   |
| Additions                      | -        | -                   | 11,313                | -                    | 11,313  |
| Reclassification from PPE*     | -        | -                   | -                     | 136,434              | 136,434 |
| Balance at 31 December         | 19,877   | 85                  | 18,705                | 136,434              | 175,101 |

\*Part of the terrestrial fiber infrastructure that is leased, has been reclassified from PPE in accordance with IFRS 16.

#### Lease liabilities

#### Maturity analysis - contractual undiscounted cash flows

Less than one year Between one and five years More than five years Total undiscounted lease liabilities at 31 December

Lease liabilities included in the statement of financial position

#### Amount recognised in profit or loss

Interest on lease liabilities

Amount recognised in cash flow statement

Total cash flow from leases

#### Other information

The Group does not recognize right of use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases or leases where the underlying assets has low value. The lease payments for such leases are recognised as costs linearly over the lease periods.

|                   | 2021   | 2020   |
|-------------------|--------|--------|
|                   |        |        |
|                   | 8,144  | 4,217  |
|                   | 22,311 | 16,343 |
|                   | 22,239 | 26,301 |
|                   | 52,694 | 46,861 |
|                   |        |        |
| on at 31 December | 31,885 | 32,878 |
|                   |        |        |

| 2021  |
|-------|
| 2,064 |
|       |
| 6,227 |

#### Inventories

| (NOK '000)            | 2021  | 2020  |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|
|                       |       |       |
| Gravel                | 4,539 | 4,561 |
| Inventory data center | 944   | 1,371 |
| Total Inventories     | 5,484 | 5,932 |

### Note 20

#### Trade and other receivables

| (NOK '000)                  | 2021    | 2020    |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|
| Trade receivables           | 81,775  | 13,953  |
| Other current receivables   | 72,846  | 113,750 |
| Trade and other receivables | 154,621 | 127,704 |

Other current receivables consists of earned not accrued revenue, VAT and other short-term receivables.

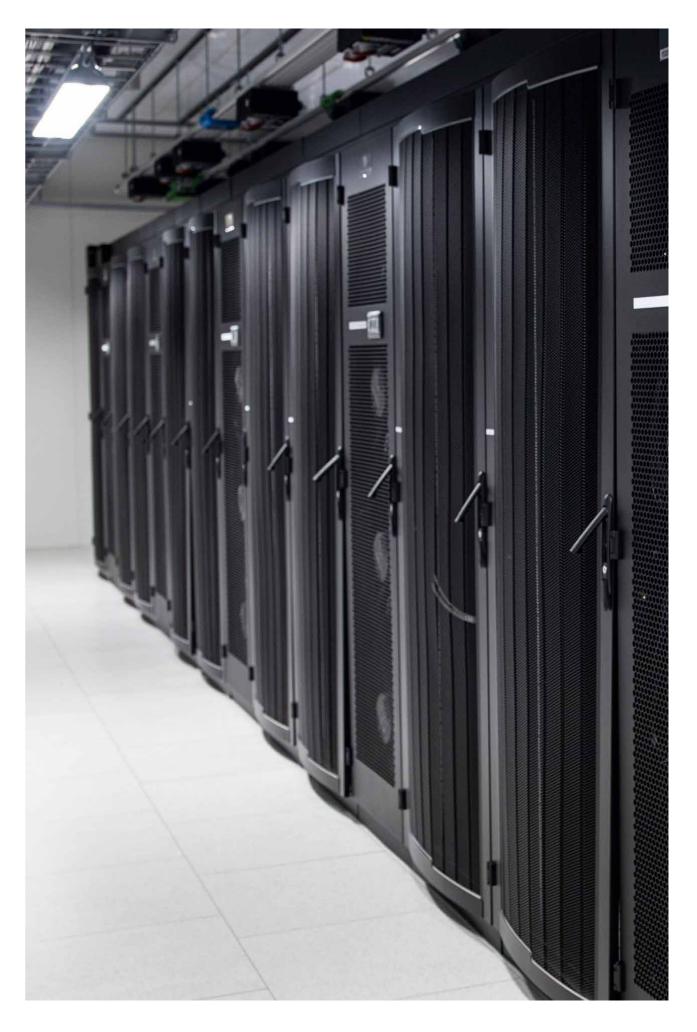
|  | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------|------|
| Provision for impairment of trade receivables at 1.1   | 934  | 60   |
| This years provision for receivables impairment        | 12   | 873  |
| Loss on receivables                                    | -    | -    |
| Reversal of prior years provision                      | -    | -    |
| Provision for impairment of trade receivables at 31.12 | 946  | 934  |

Refer also note 25 for ellaboration on credit risk and assessment of provisions.

#### Ageing of trade and other receivables

|      | Total   | Not due | 0-30d | 30-60d | 60-90d | >90d  |
|------|---------|---------|-------|--------|--------|-------|
|      |         |         |       |        |        |       |
| 2021 | 154,621 | 152,050 | 654   | 877    | -      | 1,040 |
| 2020 | 127,704 | 124,450 | 219   | 122    | -      | 2,913 |

Book value of trade and other receivables in the group's balance sheet is considered to provide a reasonable estimate of the fair value.



#### Cash and cash equivalents

| (NOK '000)                | 2021    | 2020   |
|---------------------------|---------|--------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 691,832 | 78,424 |
| Restricted funds          | 4,494   | 4,024  |
| Total                     | 696,325 | 82,448 |

### **Note 22**

#### Paid in equity and shareholders

| (NOK '000)    | 2021      | 2020      |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Share capital | 3,068 806 | 2,358,070 |

Change in paid in equity and share premium:

|                                  | Total shares |             | Share capital<br>(IN NOK) |           | Share premium |               |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| (NOK '000)                       | 2021         | 2020        | 2021                      | 2020      | 2021          | 2020          |
| Ordinary shares                  |              |             |                           |           |               |               |
| Issued stock and paid in capital |              |             |                           |           |               |               |
| At the beginning of the year     | 235,807,031  | 235,807,031 | 2,358,070                 | 2,358,070 | 1,659,982 225 | 1,659,982 225 |
| Capital increase                 | 71,073,569   | -           | 710,735                   | -         | 1,395,233 640 | -             |
| At the end of the year           | 306,880,600  | 235,807,031 | 3,068,806                 | 2,358,070 | 3,055,215 865 | 1,659,982 225 |
|                                  |              |             |                           |           |               |               |
| (NOK '000)                       | 2021         | 2020        | 2021                      | 2020      | 2021          | 2020          |
| B shares                         |              |             |                           |           |               |               |
| Issued stock and paid in capital |              |             |                           |           |               |               |
| At the beginning of the year     | 1            | 1           | 0,01                      | 0,01      | -             |               |
| At the end of the year           | 1            | 1           | 0,01                      | 0,01      | -             | -             |
|                                  |              |             |                           |           |               |               |
| (NOK '000)                       | 2021         | 2020        | 2021                      | 2020      | 2021          | 2020          |
| C shares                         |              |             |                           |           |               |               |
| Issued stock and paid in capital |              |             |                           |           |               |               |
| At the beginning of the year     | -            | 27,217,124  | -                         | 272,171   | -             | -             |
| Redemption of shares             | -            | -27,217,124 | -                         | -272,171  | -             | -             |
| At the end of the year           | -            | -           | -                         | -         | -             | -             |

The total number of shares are 306 880 600, each valued at NOK 0,01, and NOK 3 068 806 in total share capital.

#### The company's shareholders at 31.12

| Shareholder                                 | Type of<br>account | Country    | Number of<br>A-shares | Share % | Number of<br>B-shares | Share of votes |
|---|--------------------|------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------------|
|   |                    |            |                       |         |                       |                |
| Bulk Industrier AS                          | A and B            | Norway     | 156,085,919           | 52,66%  | 1                     | 76,33%         |
| GreenOak Europe III Investments II          | А                  | Luxembourg | 50,142,907            | 16,92%  |                       | 8,46%          |
| Geveran Trading Co. Limited                 | А                  | Cyprus     | 38,680,610            | 13,05%  |                       | 6,53%          |
| Totomo AS                                   | А                  | Norway     | 11,000,000            | 3,71%   |                       | 1,86%          |
| Prospero AS                                 | А                  | Norway     | 9,331,215             | 3,15%   |                       | 1,57%          |
| Morellen AS                                 | А                  | Norway     | 7,676,719             | 2,59%   |                       | 1,30%          |
| Levada AS                                   | А                  | Norway     | 7,102,237             | 2,40%   |                       | 1,20%          |
| Elpica AS                                   | А                  | Norway     | 5,851,270             | 1,97%   |                       | 0,99%          |
| Other shareholders (> 1 %)                  | А                  | Norway     | 10,522,443            | 3,55%   |                       | 1,78%          |
| Total number of outstanding shares at 31.12 |                    |            | 296,393,320           | 100%    | 1                     | 100%           |
| Klub Bulk AS (own shares)                   | А                  | Norway     | 10,487,280            |         |                       |                |
| Total number of shares                      |                    |            | 306,880,600           |         |                       |                |

#### Dividend

The company did not pay any dividend in 2021. No dividend has been proposed for approval in 2022.

#### Own shares

The company own 10 487 280 own shares through its subsidiary Klub Bulk AS. The management own 850 320 shares (7,50%) in Klub Bulk AS.

#### Average number of shares

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing total comprehensive income attributable to shareholders in the parent Company by the weightet average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Total comprehensive income, net of tax, attributable to shareholders Weighted average number of outstanding shares Basic and diluted earnings per share

|                       | 2021        | 2020        |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| in the parent Company | 929,556,351 | 85,603,715  |
|                       | 261,382,899 | 235,807,032 |
|                       | 3,56        | 0,36        |

#### **Financial risk management**

The group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The group's overall risk management programme seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the group's financial performance.

#### Market risk

The group is exposed to market risk arising from changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates. The exposure is reduced mainly by the use of finical derivatives. The group has operations in Norway, Denmark and the UK.

#### Interest rate risk

The group's interest rate risk arises on a short- and long-term because part of the company's borrowings are held at variable rates. The lease is not altered according to interest rate levels, but according to the terms of the lease contract. Changes in the interest rate level will have a direct impact on the future cash flow for the group.

To reduce the interest rate exposure, it is group policy to maintain a share of its borrowings at fixed interest rates. The distribution between floating and fixed rates will not necessarily be the same for all group companies. Some of the current loan agreements have hedging ratio-covenants. The group use interest rate derivatives to manage their interest rate exposure.

As of December 31, 2021 NOK 199,1 million of the Group's borrowings of NOK 2 191,6 million is hedged at a fixed rate. Hedged nominal amount of NOK 199.1 expires in 2033. The sensitivity is calculated by the Group, and the Groups interest cost is estimated to increase/decrease by NOK 11,0 million for 2021 based on a change in the interest rate of +/- 0.5%.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss when a party is unable to redeem their obligations to the group. The risk is mainly linked to trade receivables and other receivables and based on historical losses the risk is considered not significant. The risk is managed by doing thorough evaluations of the credit guality of the customer when new lease agreements are signed, demand deposits or guarantees, and perform regular monitoring of the credit quality of material customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk at year end is equal to the carrying amount of financial assets. The majority of the Group's customers pay in advance for the services received.

As such, the credit risk is deemed as low. There are no material amounts outstanding to spesific customers except associated companies.

The group deems obligations to the group to be in default when payments are 90 days past due. Please also see aging analysis in note 20.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the group will not be able to meet their obligations at maturity, and the risk that the group will not be able to meet their liquidity obligations without a significant increase in cost. At a broader perspective, liquidity risk also include the risk that the group is not able to finance necessary investments in the properties. The Group continuously monitors the Group's liquidity and has a long-term liquidity forecast in place. Management also monitors the Group's installments and expiration of the long-term debt and prepares action plans to be able to meet its obligations.

Liquidity risk is reduced by having a sufficient liquidity reserve, and by ensuring that the debt maturities are distributed over time.



Telehousing in Denmark

The table below illustrates the maturity structure of liabilities (NOK '000).

|   |                 | Expected cashflow |         |           |              |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|---------|-----------|--------------|
| Financial liability 2021                    | Carrying amount | Year 1            | Year 2  | Year 3-5  | After year 5 |
| Bond loan                                   | 969,350         | -                 | -       | 969,350   | -            |
| Borrowings (bank)                           | 1,222,284       | 140,618           | 181,384 | 900,281   | -            |
| Other long-term liabilities - seller credit | 33,634          | -                 | 16,000  | 16,000    | 1,634        |
| Trade payables                              | 75,143          | 75,143            | -       | -         | -            |
| Interest costs (bond loan)                  | -               | 46,723            | 46,723  | 82,280    | -            |
| Interest costs (bank)                       | -               | 34,674            | 29,729  | 13,504    | -            |
| Other current payables*                     | 100,056         | 100,056           | -       | -         | -            |
| Total non-derivative financial obligations  | 2,400,467       | 397,214           | 273,836 | 1,981,415 | 1,634        |
|   |                 |                   |         |           |              |
| Derivative financial intruments             | 10,819          | 1,411             | 1,098   | 2,892     | 5,418        |
| Total derivative financial obligations      | 10,819          | 1,411             | 1,098   | 2,892     | 5,418        |

|  | Expected cashflow |         |        |           |              |  |  |
|--|-------------------|---------|--------|-----------|--------------|--|--|
| Financial liability 2020                   | Carrying amount   | Year 1  | Year 2 | Year 3-5  | After year 5 |  |  |
| Bond loan                                  | 966,205           |         |        | 966,205   |              |  |  |
| Borrowings (bank)                          | 623,885           | 259,385 | 26,363 | 335,943   | 2,194        |  |  |
| Other short-term liabilities               | 48,000            | -       | 16,000 | 32,000    | -            |  |  |
| Trade payables                             | 103,414           | 103,414 | -      | -         | -            |  |  |
| Interest costs (bond loan)                 | -                 | 46,571  | 46,571 | 80,919    | -            |  |  |
| Interest costs (bank)                      | -                 | 14,875  | 10,540 | 5,105     | 66           |  |  |
| Other current payables                     | 114,654           | 114,654 |        |           |              |  |  |
| Total,non-derivative,financial,obligations | 1,856,158         | 538,899 | 99,474 | 1,420,171 | 2,259        |  |  |
|  |                   |         |        |           |              |  |  |
| Derivative financial intruments            | 14,581            | 1,679   | 1,613  | 4,146     | 7,142        |  |  |
| Total derivative financial obligations     | 14,581            | 1,679   | 1,613  | 4,146     | 7,142        |  |  |

\*Other current payables are not complete as the table only presents financial liabilities. As such, accruals are not included. Refer note 27 for remaining payables. This also leads to an alteration in 2020 presentation.

When calculating interest costs only ordinary instalments are taken into consideration.

#### Fair value of financial derivatives

Fair value of derivatives, including interest rate swaps, is determined upon the present value of future cash flows relating to the agreements. The present value is calculated based on interest rate curves on the date of appraisal. The calculations are made by the bank with which the agreement is made.

Sensitivity effect of change in variables (MNOK):

Variables NIBOR

|                     | Fair v | Fair value change |  |  |
|---------------------|--------|-------------------|--|--|
| Change in variables | +1%    | - 1%              |  |  |
| +/- 1 %             | 4,31   | -4,82             |  |  |

### Capital structure and capital management

The group's objectives relating to capital management are to ensure continued operation, to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The main objective of the group's capital management is to maintain a good debt and equity ratio and reduce the Groups interest cost. The group seeks to maintain a satisfactory equity ratio, but the main focus is related to the debt ratio (loan-to-value/LTV). The LTV ratio is calculated as gross debt divided by fair value of investment property and book value of other assets. The group's goal is to have a debt ratio below 60 %. According to the group's loan agreements the LTV ratio should not exceed 65 % respectively. Requirements related to LTV in the loan agreements are adhered to both by year-end and for the first half year periods in 2020 and 2021. The Group's LTV is 28 % as of December 31, 2021. To change the capital structure, the group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

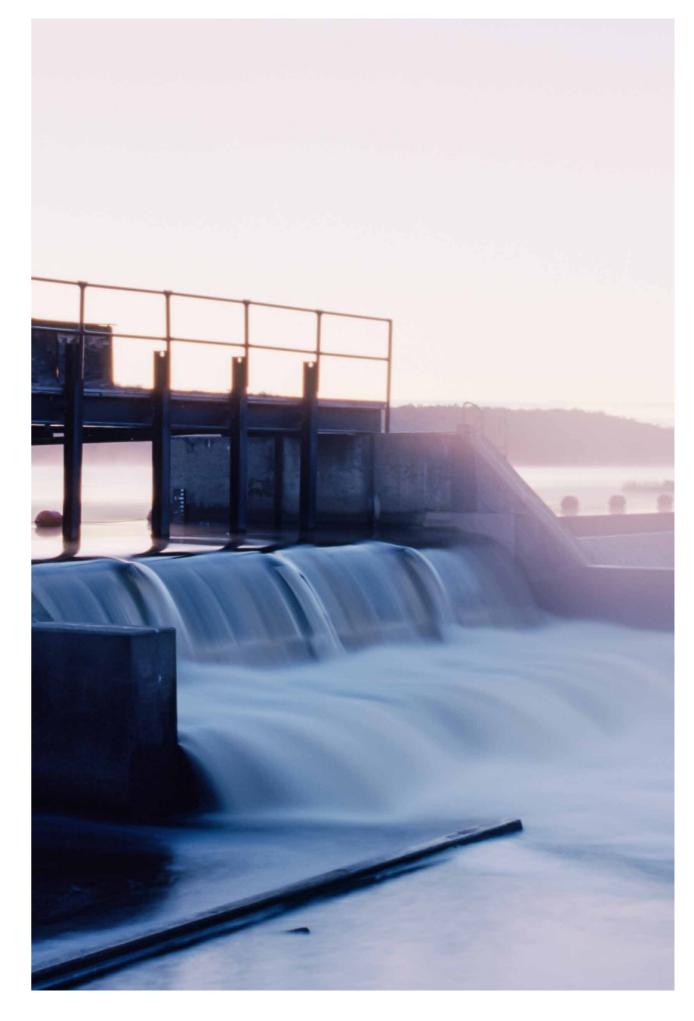
The group's capital needs are influenced by the need for a liquidity reserve for existing and possible new projects.

### Solidity and liquidity

Equity and liquidity reserve are central key figures in the management of the group capital structure. The group liquidity reserve should be in proportion to all ongoing projects and any new projects.

### Group covenants

As per December 31, 2021, the Group is in compliance with all financial covenants. The Group has several financial covenants from loan agreements on both group level and within the subsidiaries. The financial covenants relate to minimum equity, equity ratio, minimum liquidity and loan-to-value.



### Interest-bearing debt

| (NOK '000)   | 2021       | 2020       |
|--|------------|------------|
| Total interest-bearing debt, nominal value                       | 2,191,634  | 1,590,090  |
| - of which hedged (fixed interest rate)                          | 199,060    | 40,560     |
| Hedge Ratio*   | 9 %        | 3 %        |
| Average interest rate at floating rate, including margin (%)     | 3,4 %      | 3,6 %      |
| Average remaining duration, borrowings (years)                   | 2,5        | 4,5        |
| Average remaining duration, hedging contracts (years)            | 11,0 years | 12,0 years |
| Total interest-bearing debt, nominal value                       | 2,191,634  | 1,590,090  |
| First year instalments of debt (short-term)                      | 140,618    | 259,385    |
| Long-term interest-bearing debt excluding first year instalments | 2,051,016  | 1,330,705  |

|                            | 2021      | 2020      |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                            |           |           |
| Maturity on long-term debt |           |           |
| Year 2                     | 181,384   | 26,363    |
| Year 3-5                   | 1,869,631 | 1,302,148 |
| After year 5               | -         | 2,194     |
| Total                      | 2,051,016 | 1,330,705 |

The recognized carrying amount of the assets pledged as security for liabilities as per 31.12

|  | 2021      | 2020      |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Investment property                    | 4,184,248 | 1,777,179 |
| Total pledged assets                   | 4,184,248 | 1,777,179 |
|  |           |           |
| Borrowings secured with pledged assets | 2,191,634 | 1,590,090 |

In addition to pledged investments property, the group has established priority pledge in the shares of subsidiaries, factoring and bank accounts.

Please refer note 24 for further info regarding the Groups covenants.

### Bond loan

Bulk Infrastructure Group AS 19/24 FRN

Bulk Infrastructure Group AS issued a 5 year NOK 500 million senior unsecured FRN bond 15 October 2019. The Group further performed a tap issue of an additional NOK 500 million on the unsecured bond on 9 September 2020. Specification ISIN Maturity date Amount Coupon Coupon type Coupon frequency

NO0010865876 15.10.2024 NOK 1,000,000,000 Nibor 3m + 4,5% FRN Quarterly Nordic Trustee AS

Financial covenants Equity ratio > 35%.

Security Unsecured.

Trustee

Listing The Bond is listed as of 15 September, 2020.

## Note 26

### **Derivative financial instruments**

| (NOK '000)          |
|---------------------|
|                     |
| Interest rate swaps |
| Total assets        |
|                     |
|                     |
| Interest rate swaps |
| Total liabilities   |
|                     |
|                     |
|                     |
|                     |

Interest rate swaps Nominal amount interest rate swaps Total nominal amount

The Company receives floating interest and pay fixed interest

| 2020    | 2021     |
|---------|----------|
|         |          |
| -       | 1 139    |
| -       | 1 139    |
|         |          |
|         |          |
| -14,581 | -10,819  |
| -14,581 | -10,819  |
|         |          |
|         |          |
| 2020    | 2021     |
|         |          |
| -40,560 | -199,060 |
| -40,560 | -199,060 |
|         |          |

### Accounts payable and other payables

| (NOK '000)                      | 2021    | 2020    |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Trade payables                  | 75,143  | 103,414 |
| Accrued salaries, public duties | 34,987  | 28,801  |
| Accrued expenses                | 79,032  | 74,782  |
| Prepaid income                  | 16,173  | 71,859  |
| Total                           | 205,335 | 278,857 |

Prepaid income primarily consist of prepaid fiber revenue related to IRU agreements.

## Note 28

### Subsequent events after the reporting period

Events after the balance sheet date are events, favourable or unfavourable, that occurs between the balance sheet date and the date that the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Such events can be events that provide information regarding conditions that existed at the balancesheet date resulting in adjustments of the financial statement, or events that do not require such adjustments.

Bulk Data Centers AS, the subsidiary of Bulk Infrastructure Group AS, acquired the remaining 50 % of OS-IX Eiendom Holding AS

from Akershus Energi on January 19, 2022. As such, Bulk Data Centers takes full ownership of OS-IX.

The Group established an incentive program in the end of 2021 with certain new employees. The program includes synthetic options which will be effective Januray 1, 2022.

There are no other material subsequent events after the reporting period.

# **Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS Financial statement 2021**

| 8  | Income statement |  |
|----|------------------|--|
| 30 | Balance sheet    |  |

- Cash flow statement
- Notes to financial statement
- Auditor's report



### Income statement

| (NOK '000)                           |   | 2021   | 2020  |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------|-------|
|                                      |   |        |       |
| Other expenses                       | 1 | 1,499  | 177   |
| Total expenses                       |   | 1,499  | 177   |
| Operating profit/loss                |   | -1,499 | -177  |
| Financial income and expenses        |   |        |       |
| Interest income from group companies | 2 | 695    | -     |
| Other financial income               |   | 1      | 1,031 |
| Interest expense to group companies  | 2 | -      | 1,434 |
| Other financial expenses             |   | 2      | 12    |
| Net financial items                  |   | 694    | -414  |
| Result before tax                    |   | -805   | -591  |
| Tax expense                          | 3 | -177   | -130  |
| Result for the year                  |   | -628   | -461  |

| Allocation of result for the year |   |      |      |
|-----------------------------------|---|------|------|
| Other equity                      | 4 | -628 | -461 |
| Total brought forward             |   | -628 | -461 |



### **Balance sheet**

| (NOK '000)                                     | Note | 2021      | 2020      |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|
| Assets   |      |           |           |
| Non-current assets                             |      |           |           |
| Intangible assets                              |      |           |           |
| Deferred tax assets                            | 3    | 307       | 130       |
| Total intangible assets                        |      | 307       | 130       |
| Property, plant and equipment                  |      |           |           |
| Non-current financial assets                   |      |           |           |
| Investments in subsidiaries                    | 5    | 1,951,995 | 1,751,995 |
| Total non-current financial assets             |      | 1,951,995 | 1,751,995 |
| Total non-current assets                       |      | 1,952,302 | 1,752,125 |
| Current assets                                 |      |           |           |
| Receivables                                    |      |           |           |
| Other short-term receivables                   | 2    | 400,186   | 9,015     |
| Receivables from group companies               | 2    | 662,768   | 1,135     |
| Total receivables                              |      | 1,062,954 | 10,150    |
| Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents       |      |           |           |
| Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents       |      | 1,408     | 2,132     |
| Total bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents |      | 1,408     | 2,132     |
| Total current assets                           |      | 1,064,362 | 12,281    |
| Total assets                                   |      | 3,016,664 | 1,764,406 |

### **Balance sheet**

| (NOK '000)                     | Note    | 2021      | 202     |
|--------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Equity and liabilities         |         |           |         |
| Equity                         |         |           |         |
| Paid in equity                 |         |           |         |
| Share capital                  | 4, 6, 7 | 3,069     | 2,3     |
| Share premium reserve          | 4       | 3,055,216 | 1,659,9 |
| Total paid-up equity           |         | 3,058,285 | 1,662,3 |
| Retained earnings              |         |           |         |
| Other equity                   | 4, 7    | -41,957   | -41,3   |
| Total retained earnings        |         | -41,957   | -41,3   |
| Total equity                   |         | 3,016,328 | 1,621,0 |
| Liabilities                    |         |           |         |
| Other non-current liabilities  |         |           |         |
| Liabilities to group companies | 2       | -         | 133,6   |
| Total non-current liabilities  |         | -         | 133,6   |
| Current liabilities            |         |           |         |
| Trade payables                 |         | 208       | 9,2     |
| Public duties payable          |         | -         | 2       |
| Liabilities to group companies | 2       | 128       |         |
| Other current liabilities      |         | -         | 3       |
| Total current liabilities      |         | 336       | 9 7     |
| Total liabilities              |         | 336       | 143,3   |
|                                |         |           |         |

## Oslo, March 24, 2022

Apr la plu

Torbjørn T. Moe Member of the board

Kler ll

Even Bratsberg

Member of the board

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Lars Erich Nilsen Member of the board

The board of Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS

tece/Wage

Peder Nærbø Founder and Executive Chair

10 John Anthony Carrafiell

Member of the board

1015 Dustraad

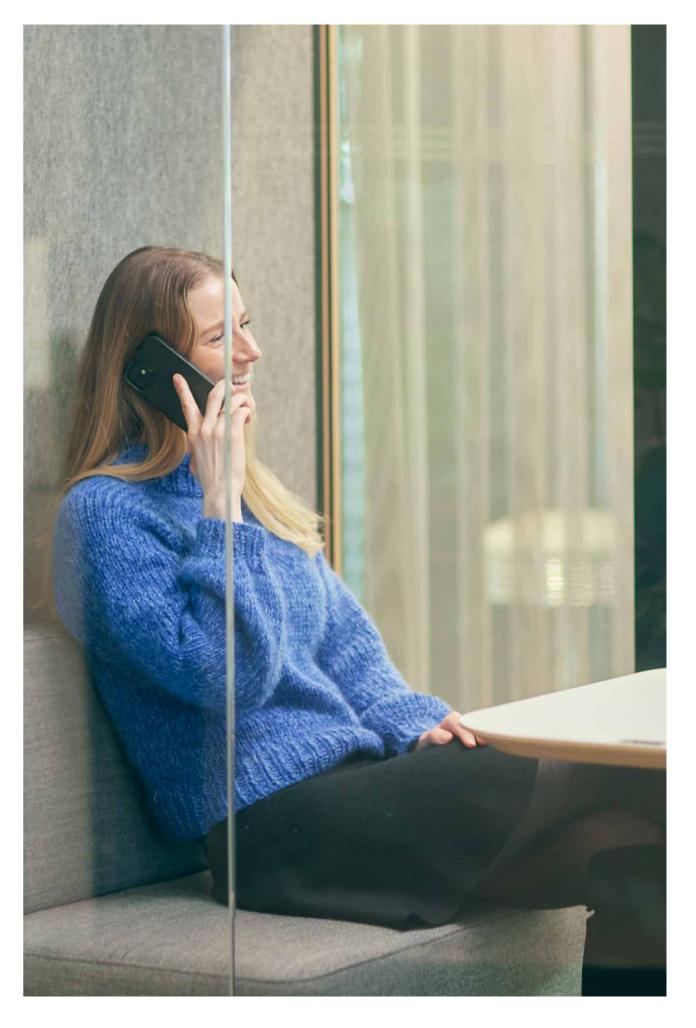
Lars Oskar Bustgaard Member of the board

Ω Jon Gravråk

General manager

## Indirect cash flow

| (NOK '000)   | Note | 2021      | 2020     |
|--|------|-----------|----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities                         |      |           |          |
| Profit/loss before tax                                       |      | -805      | -591     |
| Change in accounts receivable                                |      | -         | 4.559    |
| Change in accounts payable                                   |      | -9,004    | 6,517    |
| Change in provisions for public fees and taxes               |      | -271      | -4,279   |
| Change in other accrual items                                | 2    | -391,483  | -5,685   |
| Net cash flows from operating activities                     | _    | -401,563  | 520      |
|  |      | . ,       |          |
| Cash flows from investment activities                        |      |           |          |
| Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets                       |      | -         | 83       |
| Payments to buy tangible assets                              |      | -         | -190     |
| Payments to buy shares and participations in other companies | 5    | -200,000  | -        |
| Net cash flows from investment activities                    |      | -200,000  | -107     |
|  |      | ,<br>,    |          |
| Cash flows from financing activities                         |      |           |          |
| Proceeds from equity   | 4    | 1,395,944 | -        |
| Payment of dividend  | 4    | -         | -143,842 |
| Change in receivable related party                           | 2    | -795,105  | -205,785 |
| Net cash flows from financing activities                     |      | 600,840   | -349,627 |
| Cash effect Group restructurering - merger/demerger          | 1, 5 | -         | 11,312   |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents                      |      | -723      | -337,902 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the period         |      | 2,132     | 340,033  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period           |      | 1,408     | 2,132    |



### Accounting principles

The financial statements are presented in accordance with relevant Norwegian laws and generally accepted accounting principles for other enterprises. The principles are outlined below and have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise is stated.

### CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Balances that fall due within a year are classified as current assets and liabilities. The value of current assets is presented as the lower historical cost and fair value.

### INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Expenditure on Research and Development is capitalised providing a future financial benefit relating to the development of an identifiable intangible asset can be identified and the expenses can be measured reliably. Otherwise, such expenditure is expensed as and when incurred. Capitalised development costs are amortised linearly over the asset's expected useful life.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are assets held for long-term ownership and use. PPE are valued at historical cost less subsequent depreciation and impairments. Historical cost includes expenditure directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated based on estimated useful lives for the assets. Impairments occur when historical cost exceeds long-term fair value. Previous impairments may be reversed if there are significant changes in value.

### INVESTMENTS IN OTHER COMPANIES

The cost method is applied to investments in subsidiaries and associated companies. Cost may vary with capital contributions. Investments are subject to impairments if permanent fair value is lower than cost. Previous impairments may be reversed if there are significant changes in value.

Dividends are classified as financial income. Capital contributions from previous ownership are classified as return of capital and will reduce historic cost.

#### RECEIVABLES

Receivables are recognized at fair value. A provision for impairment is established when objective evidence exists that the company will be unable to collect the entire amount due in accordance with the original terms of each receivable.

#### TAX

The tax charge in the income statement includes both payable taxes for the period and changes in deferred tax. Deferred tax is calculated at 22 % on the basis of the temporary differences that exist between accounting and tax values, as well as any possible taxable loss carried forwards at the end of the accounting year. Tax enhancing or tax reducing temporary differences, which are reversed or may be reversed in the same period, have been eliminated.

### CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The cash flow statement has been prepared according to the indirect method. Cash and cash equivalents include cash, bank deposits, and other short-term investments which immediately and with minimal exchange risk can be converted into known cash amounts, with due date less than three months from purchase date.

### CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

There were no changes in the accounting principles applied by the company in 2021.

### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS is included in the consolidated financial statements of Bulk Industrier and Green Keeper AS. The consolidated financial statements are available at www.bulkinfrastructure.com and www.bulkindustrier.no.

## Note 1

### Salary costs, benefits and remuneration

Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS has not had any salary costs or benefits in 2021 and there are no such obligations. All employees were transferred to the subsidiary Bulk Infrastructure Group AS in 2020 due to a restructuring of the group.

| Salaries and remunerati | ons to executives*         |        |       |         |           |                |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------|-------|---------|-----------|----------------|
| (NOK '000)              | Title                      | Salary | Bonus | Pension | Board fee | Other benefits |
| Jon Gravråk             | CEO                        | 3,233  | 913   | 35      | -         | 151            |
| Gaute Krekling          | CFO                        | 2,106  | 182   | 35      | -         | 124            |
| Peder Nærbø             | Executive Chair            | 2,758  | 2,669 | 35      | 150       | 80             |
| Torbjørn T. Moe         | Member of the board        | 2,484  | 413   | 35      | 150       | 144            |
| Nina Hage               | EVP Industrial Real Estate | 1,042  | -     | 28      | -         | 8              |
| Gisle M. Eckhoff        | EVP Data CEnter            | 833    | -     | 22      | -         | 4              |
| Inger G. Folkeson       | COO, EVP Fiber NEtworks    | 721    | -     | 18      | -         | 41             |
| Total                   |                            | 13,177 | 4 177 | 208     | 300       | 552            |

\* The CEO, CFO, Executive Chair and Board members receive salaries and remunerations from the subsidiary Bulk Infrastructure Group AS.

### Expensed audit fee

Expenses paid to the auditor for 2021 amounts to TNOK 589,- excl.VAT. (NOK '000) Statutory audit fee Other assistance Total audit fees

## Note 2

### Debtors, liabilities, pledged assets and guarantees etc.

Long-term receivables with minimum maturity of 1 year Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS does not have any receivables due later than 1 year. Long-term debt with minimum maturity of 5 years Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS does not have any debt with minimum maturity of 5 years

(NOK '000)

### Balances with group companies

Long-term claims on group companies Short term receivable from group companies Short-term debt to group companies Total

Other debt have priority over debt to group companies. Balances with group companies are charged with an interest rate equal to NOWA 3M + 4% p.a.

Bulk Infrastrcture Holding AS has in 2021 entered a group cash pool owned by Bulk Infrastructure Group AS. Of the company's short term claims on group companies TNOK 662 768 are claims regarding the cash pool.

| 553 |
|-----|
| 36  |
| 589 |
|     |

| 2020     | 2021      |
|----------|-----------|
|          |           |
|          |           |
| -133,600 | -         |
| 1,135    | 1,062,768 |
| -        | -128      |
| -132,464 | 1,062,640 |
| - , -    | ,,-       |

### Tax

| (NOK '000)                           | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------------------------------|------|------|
| This year's tax expense              |      |      |
| Entered tax on ordinary profit/loss: |      |      |
| Payable tax                          | -    | -    |
| Changes in deferred tax assets       | -177 | -130 |
| Tax expense on ordinary profit/loss  | -177 | -130 |
| Taxable income:                      |      |      |
| Ordinary result before tax           | -805 | -591 |
| Permanent differences                | 1    | 1    |
| Taxable income                       | -804 | -590 |
| Payable tax in the balance:          |      |      |
| Payable tax on this year's result    | -    | -    |
| Total payable tax in the balance     | -    | -    |

The tax effect of temporary differences and loss for to be carried forward that has formed the basis for deferred tax and deferred tax advantages, specified on type of temporary differences

| (NOK '000)                             | 2021   | 2020 | Difference |
|--|--------|------|------------|
| Accumulated loss to be brought forward | -1,394 | -590 | 804        |
| Basis for deferred tax assets          | -1,394 | -590 | 804        |
| Deferred tax assets (22 %)             | -307   | -130 | 177        |

## Note 4

### Equity

|                        | Share capital | Share premium reserve | Retained earnings | Total equity |
|------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|
|                        |               |                       |                   |              |
| Equity 01.01           | 2,358         | 1,659,982             | -41,329           | 1,621,011    |
| Capital increase       | 711           | 1,395,234             |                   | 1,395,944    |
| Annual net profit/loss |               |                       | -628              | -628         |
| Equity 31.12           | 3 069         | 3,055,216             | -41,957           | 3,016,328    |

## Note 5

## Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

| (NOK '000)   | Ownership/ voting rights | Cost price V        | Vrite-down                                   | Book value                                      |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|--|---|
| Bulk Infrastructure Group AS                       | 100,0 %                  | 1,859,342           | -  | 1,859,342                                       |
| Klub Bulk AS                                       | 100,0 %                  | 92,654              | -  | 92,654  |
| Sum  |                          | 1,951,995           | -  | 1,951,995                                       |
| The companies are based in Oslo, Nor               | way.                     |                     |  |   |
| The companies are based in Oslo, Nor<br>(NOK '000) | way.<br>Book value       | P/L for 2021 (100 % | 6) Equity p                                  | r. 31.12 (100 %)                                |
|  | ,                        | P/L for 2021 (100 % | %) Equity p                                  | r. 31.12 (100 %)                                |
| (NOK '000)<br>Company                              | ,                        | P/L for 2021 (100 % | <i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |   |
| (NOK '000)   | Book value               | 15,50               | <i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | <b>r. 31.12 (100 %)</b><br>2,386,147<br>106,747 |

## Note 6

### Shareholders

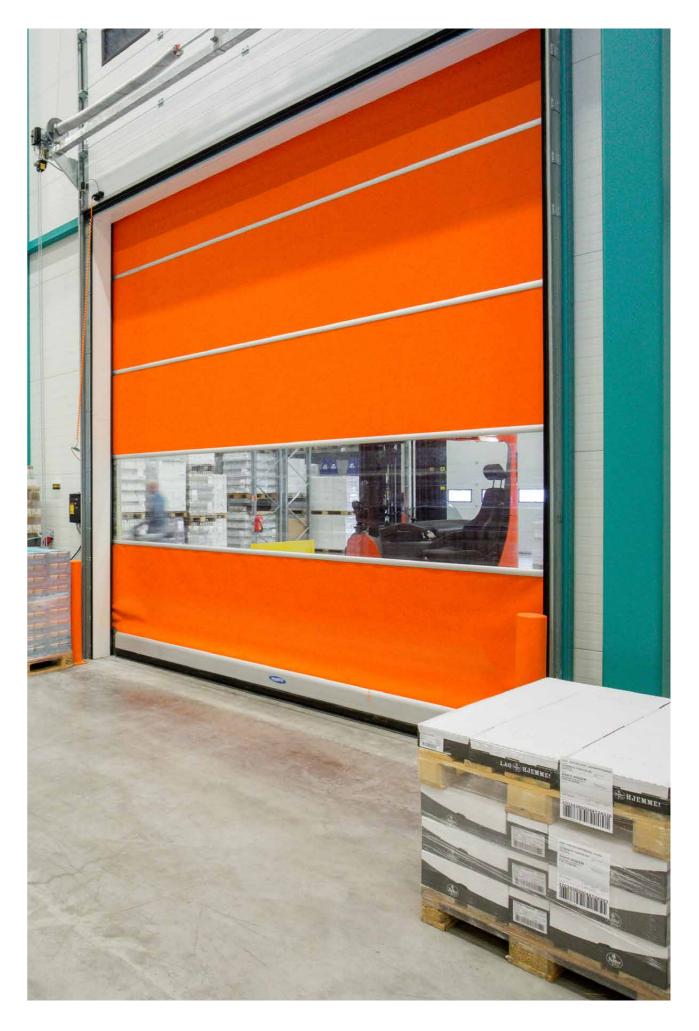
The total number of shares are 306 880 601, each valued at NOK 0,01, and TNOK 3 069 in total share capital. The shares are divided into 306 880 600 A-shares and 1 B-share. The B-share have the votes of the the total outstanding A-shares plus one vote. Apart from these exceptions, all shares have equal rights.

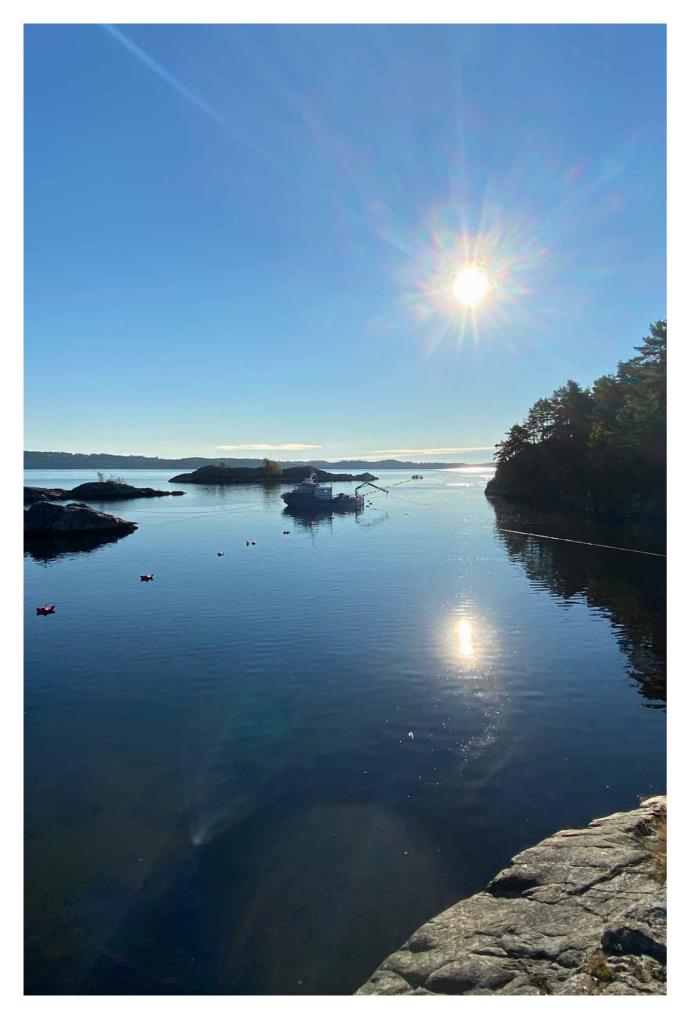
| -shares                            |
|------------------------------------|
| -shares                            |
| otal                               |
| ha company's charabaldars at 21.12 |

|                                     |             |          | Total       | Face value | Entered        |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| A-shares                            |             |          | 306,880,600 | 0,01       | 3,068,806      |
| B-shares                            |             |          | -           | 0,01       | 0,000,000      |
| Total                               |             |          | 306,880,601 | 0,01       | 3,068,806      |
| The company's shareholders at 31.12 |             |          | 000,000,001 |            | 0,000,000      |
| (NOK '000)                          | A-shares    | B-shares | Total       | Share %    | Share of votes |
| Bulk Industrier AS                  | 156,085,919 | 1        | 156,085,920 | 52,66%     | 69,0 %         |
| BGO King Holdco Sarl                | 50,142,907  |          | 50,142,907  | 16,92%     | 11,2 %         |
| Geveran Trading Co. Ltd             | 38,680,610  |          | 38,680,610  | 13,05%     | 8,6 %          |
| Totomo AS                           | 11,000,000  |          | 11,000,000  | 3,71%      | 2,4 %          |
| PROSPERO AS                         | 9,331,215   |          | 9,331,215   | 3,15%      | 2,1 %          |
| MORELLEN AS                         | 7,676,719   |          | 7,676,719   | 2,59%      | 1,7 %          |
| LEVADA AS                           | 7,102,237   |          | 7,102,237   | 2,40%      | 1,6 %          |
| ELPICAAS                            | 5,851,270   |          | 5,851,270   | 1,97%      | 1,3 %          |
| Total >1% ownership share           | 10,522,443  |          | 10,522,443  | 3,55%      | 2,1 %          |
| Total number of shares at 31.12     | 296,393,320 | 1        | 296,393,321 | 100%       | 100%           |
| Klub Bulk (own shares)              | 10,487,280  |          | 10,487,280  |            |                |
| Total number of shares              | 306,880,600 | 1        | 306,880,601 | 100%       | 100%           |

## Going concern

The covid-19 pandemic has not had a significant impact during the financial year. Following this, the covid-19 pandemic is not considered to have raised an significant uncertainty regarding the company's ability to continue operations. The annual accounts have therefore been prepared on the assumption of going concern.





# Responsibility statement by the Board of Directors - Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS

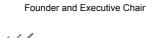
The Board of Directors have today treated and approved the annual report and financial statements for Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS (the parent company) and the Group, the consolidated accounts, as of December 31, 2021. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the EU-approved IFRS standards and interpretations, together with the additional disclosure requirements in the Norwegian Accounting Act to be applied as of December 31, 2021. The financial statements for the parent company are prepared in accordance with relevant Norwegian laws and generally accepted accounting principles in Norway as of December 31, 2021.

The annual report for the Group and the parent company is in compliance with the Accounting Act.

Oslo, March 24, 2022 The board of Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS

Peder Nærbø

Torbjørn T. Moe Member of the board



Even Bratsberg

Member of the board

Lars Erich Nilsen Member of the board

To the best of our knowledge, we confirm that;

- the 2021 financial statements for the Group and the parent company are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards
- the provided information in the financial statements gives a true and fair view of the Group and the parent company's assets, liabilities, financial position and results of operations as of December 31, 2021
- the Board of Directors report provides the Group and the parent company a fair view of
- development, performance and position of the Group and parent company
- the most important risks and uncertainties the Group and the parent company faces

Lars Oskar Bustgaard Member of the board

John Anthony Carrafiell

John Anthony Carrafiell Member of the board

Jon Gravråk General manager



BDO AS Munkedamsveien 45 Postboks 1704 Vika 0121 Oslo

### Independent Auditor's Report

To the General Meeting in Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bulk Infrastructure Holding AS.

### The financial statements comprise:

- The financial statements of the parent company, which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2021, income statement and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and
- The financial statements of the group, which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2021, and income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

#### In our opinion:

- The financial statements comply with applicable statutory requirements.
- The accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company as at 31 December 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act and accounting standards and practices generally accepted in Norway.
- The accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the group as at 31 December 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company and the Group as required by laws and regulations and International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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#### Description of the key audit matter

Fair value of investment property The group's investment property represents a substantial portion of the total assets and consists primarily of logistics properties, with a carrying amount of NOK 4 184 248 thousand. Fair value adjustments of investment properties will affect the group's results, and consequently the equity, significantly over the years. Valuation of investment properties requires use of estimates that are subject to judgment by management. Key assumptions for the fair value assessment of the individual property are primarily expected future cash flow and yield, as well as property specific information. Management's estimate is to a large extent based on valuations performed by an independent valuation firm.

The complexity and the judgmental aspects of the valuation lead us to define this area as an important aspect of the audit. Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements further describes the methods and assumptions applied in the valuation.

#### Valuation of PPE - fiber

Fiber networks constitutes a major part of the property, plant equipment in the balance sheet. The carrying values are measured at cost. Fiber networks has a carrying amount of NOK 562 017 thousand. Book value is measured against the highest of fair value and value in use at the balance sheet date when impairment indicators are identified. Depreciation plan and estimates are further described in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements. Fiber networks are initially recognized at cost. Where there are available marked prices, these prices are used to substantiate the value. In cases where similar transactions are not available, the fibe networks are estimated based upon signed contracts with costumers, effective from the time of completion in 2021. The inherent

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|         | How the key audit matter was addressed in the audit  |
|---------|--|
| a       | We have assessed qualifications, competence<br>and objectivity of the valuation firm and<br>obtained, read and understood the valuation<br>report from this firm. Internal specialists have<br>assisted us in this process. We have also<br>assessed whether information used in the |
| e<br>or | valuation is consistent with other information<br>obtained by the group. Further, we have<br>assessed the methodology, model, and<br>assumptions applied by management when<br>performing the estimate.  |
| /       | For a sample of investment properties, we have<br>evaluated whether the property-specific<br>information provided by management to the<br>valuation firms such as lease terms, duration<br>and vacant area are consistent with underlying  |
| d       | information to the firms validation reports.   |
| e       | We have read and understood the underlying<br>contracts with costumers and thus, verified<br>market prices available. We have assessed<br>whether these marked prices support the book   |
| d       | value of fiber. Further, we have verified<br>acquisitions by matching the carrying amounts<br>to underlying documentation. We have also<br>assessed management assumptions applied<br>when performing the valuation. Internal<br>specialists have assisted us in this process.       |
| I       |  |
| er      |  |
|         |  |
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uncertainty of the valuation made us define this as a key matter in our audit. We refer to further descriptions in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

### Valuation of PPE - Data Centers

Data Centers constitute a major part of the property, plant equipment in the balance sheet. The carrying values are measured at cost. Data Centers has a carrying amount of NOK 756 707 thousand. Book value is measured against the highest of fair value and value in use at the balance sheet date when impairment indicators are identified. Management has used similar transactions to measure the potential sales value. The inherent uncertainty of the valuation made us define this as a key matter in our audit. We refer to further descriptions in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

We have obtained, read and understood the valuation documentation.

We have also assessed whether information applied in the valuation is consistent with other information obtained by the group. Further, we have evaluated the information related to the management's conclusion related to comparison of similar market transactions, when performing the estimate. Internal specialists have assisted us in this process.

#### Other information

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director (management) is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board of Directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinion on the Board of Director's report

Based on our knowledge obtained in the audit, in our opinion the Board of Directors' report

- is consistent with the financial statements and
- contains the information required by applicable legal requirements.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director for the Financial Statements

Board of Directors and the Managing Director (management) are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view, for in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act and accounting standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, and for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the group in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU, and for such internal control as

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management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern. The financial statements of the Company use the going concern basis of accounting insofar as it is not likely that the enterprise will cease operations. The financial statements of the Group use the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For further description of Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements reference is made to: https://revisorforeningen.no/revisjonsberetninger

Oslo, 24.03.2022 BDO AS

Schan H. dornge

Johan Henrik L'orange State Authorised Public Accountant

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